



# PRINCE ALBERT POLICE SERVICE

## Third Quarter of 2025 Crime Statistics

**TITLE:** Third Quarter of 2025 Crime Statistics Report

**DATE:** October 30, 2025

**To:** Chief of Police

Board of Police Commissioners

**PUBLIC**

**IN CAMERA**

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### RECOMMENDATION:

The Board of Police Commissioners receive this report as information and file.

### TOPIC & PURPOSE:

This report reviews the total statistics related to crime and calls. This public report is to keep our community and the Prince Albert Board of Police Commissioners informed on statistics.

### BACKGROUND:

Year to date and third quarter statistics, which include July, August and September statistics related to crime and calls are captured, reviewed, and released to the Board and public. The information in this report is measured and compared to previous years and is provided to identify anomalies or trends. This information can be used to determine community and organizational needs and support decisions on resource deployment.

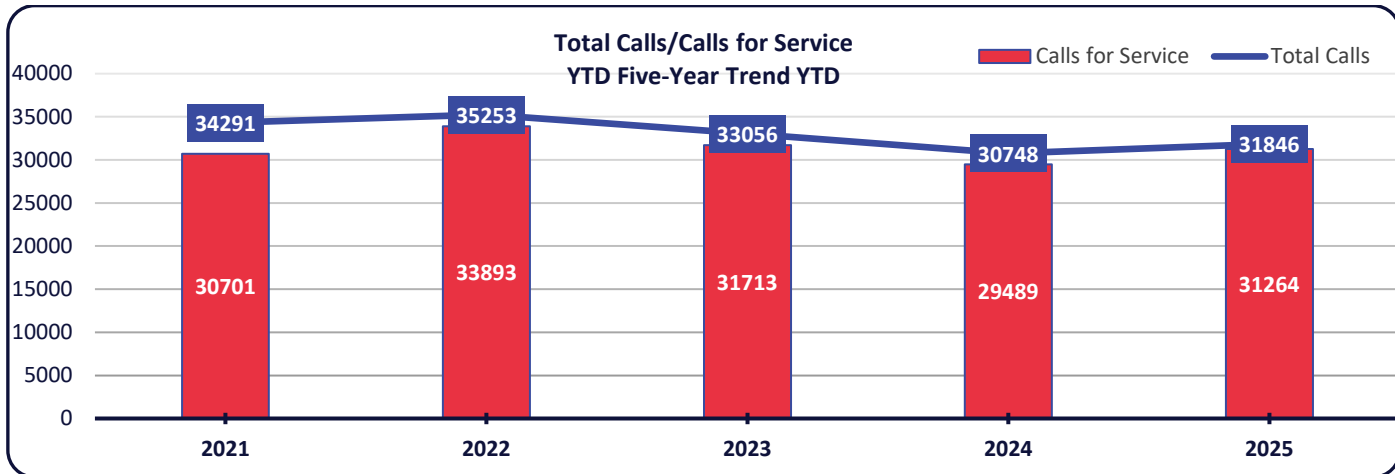
### Calls for Service

The **total calls**, YTD were 31846. This is a 3.15% increase from the previous year.

The **proactive calls** or “neighborhood strengthening” efforts in YTD were 532. This is a 51.33% decrease from the previous year. There were 50 court related occurrences.

The **calls for service** received YTD were 31264. This is an increase of 6.02% from the previous year.

YTD, disturbances increased by 61.01%, from 6219 (2024) to 10013 (2025). This increase is due to a change in call classification. The “eviction” type, previously used for certain calls was retired, and such calls are now disturbances. A disturbance is a behavior that disrupts the peace, such as fighting, shouting, swearing, playing loud music, using obscene language, or refusing to leave when unwanted.

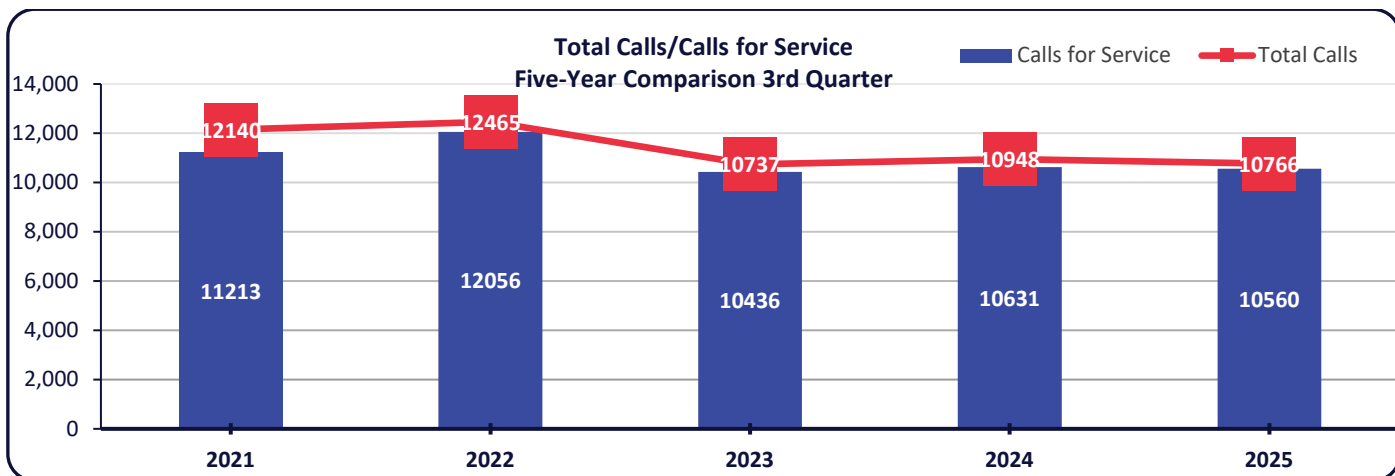


Appendix 1: five-year YTD trend

The **total calls**, for the third quarter were 10766. This is a .67% decrease from the previous year.

The **proactive** or “neighborhood strengthening” efforts in the third quarter were 192. This is a 29.67% decrease from the previous year. There were 14 court related occurrences.

The **calls for service** received in the third quarter were 10560. That is a decrease of .67% from the previous year. Disturbances increased by 52.6 % from 2367 in 2024 to 3612 in 2025.

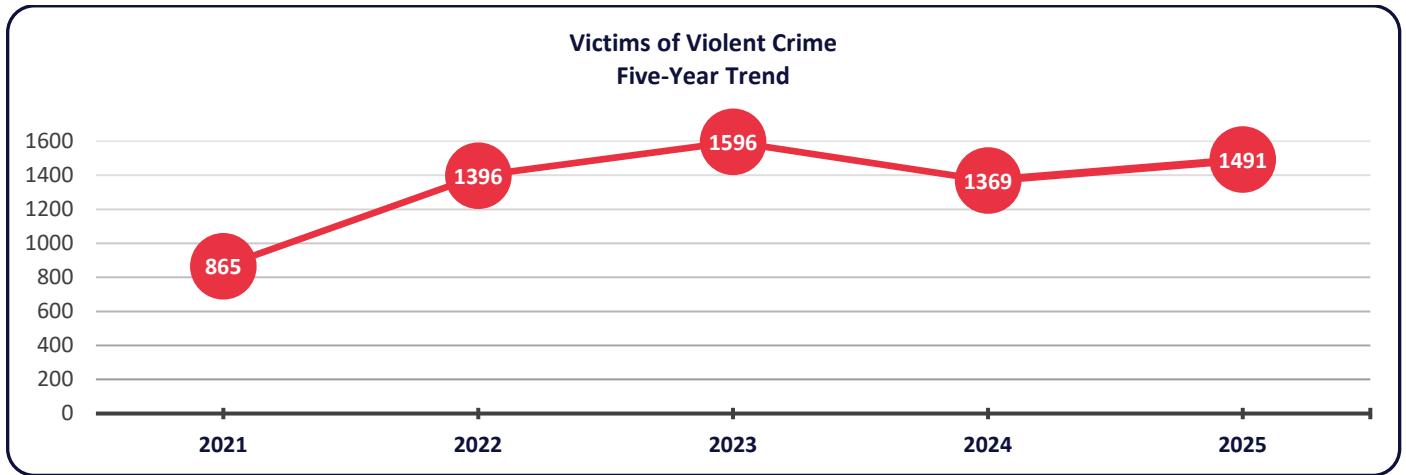


Appendix 2: five-year comparison

## Victims of Violent Crime

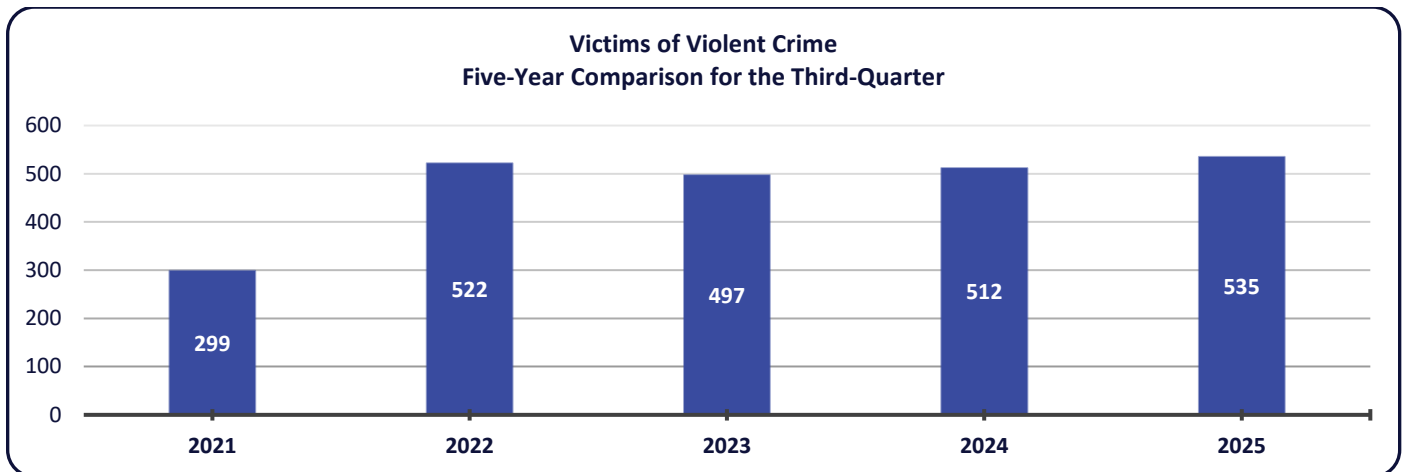
YTD, there were 1491 victims of violent crime, which is a 8.9% increase from the previous year. In 528 of those occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.

Top five weapons used: physical force 600 times, bear spray was used/brandished 157 times, a knife was used/brandished 120 times, a firearm was used/brandished 60 times and a club was used/brandished 51 times.



**Appendix 3:** five-year YTD trend

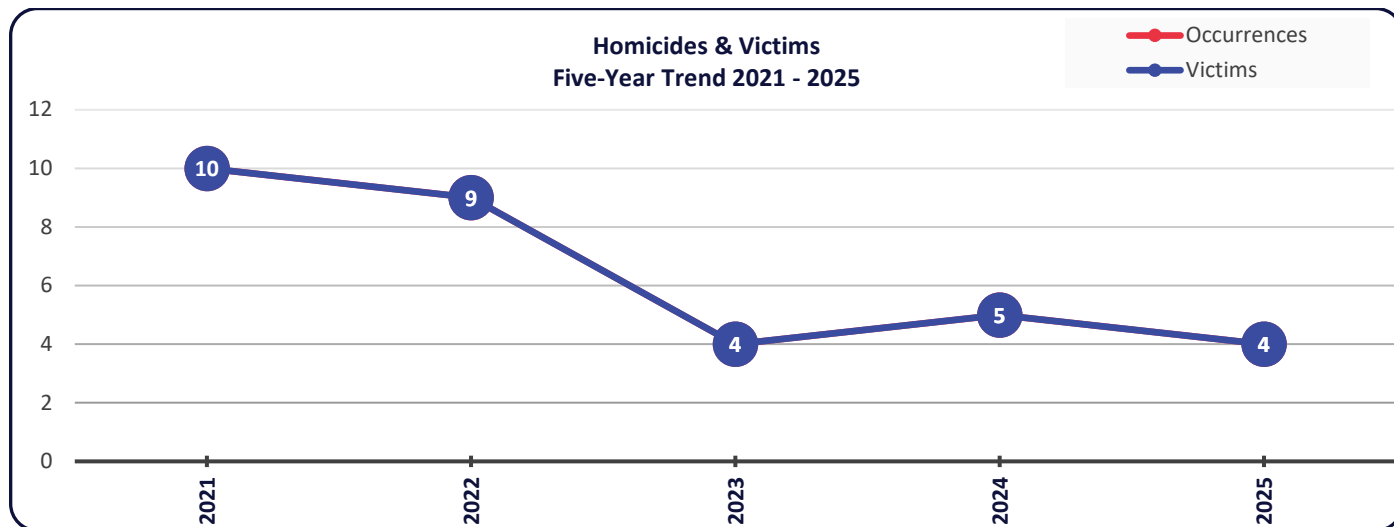
In the third quarter, there were 535 victims of violent crime, which is a 4.49% increase from the previous year. In 185 of those occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



**Appendix 4:** five-year comparison

## Homicides

YTD, there were four (4) homicides. In two (2) of those occurrences, the investigations resulted in criminal charges.

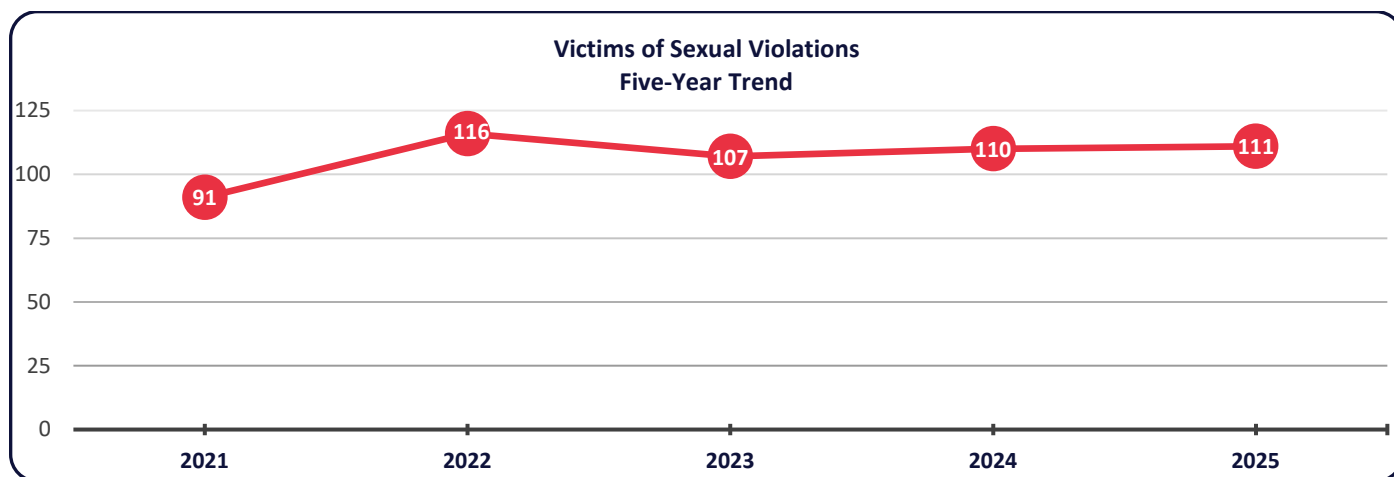


**Appendix 5:** five-year YTD trend

There was a 700% increase in attempted murders in the third quarter, from zero (0) in 2024 to seven (7) in 2025. In four (4) of those occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.

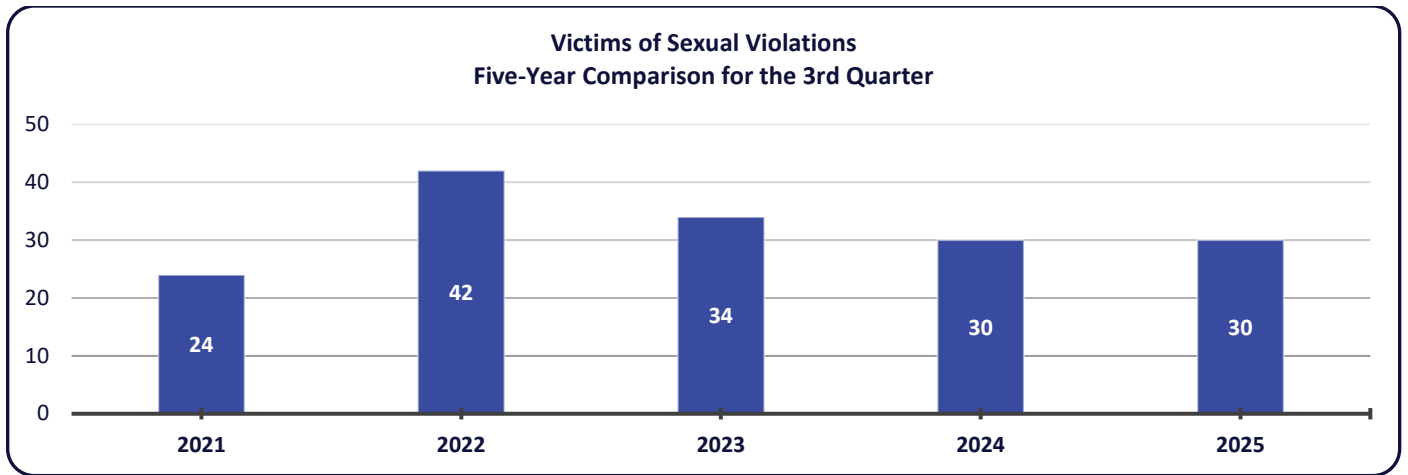
## Victims of Sexual Violations

YTD, there were 111 sexual violations reported, which is a .91% increase from the previous year. In 30 of those occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



**Appendix 6:** five-year YTD trend

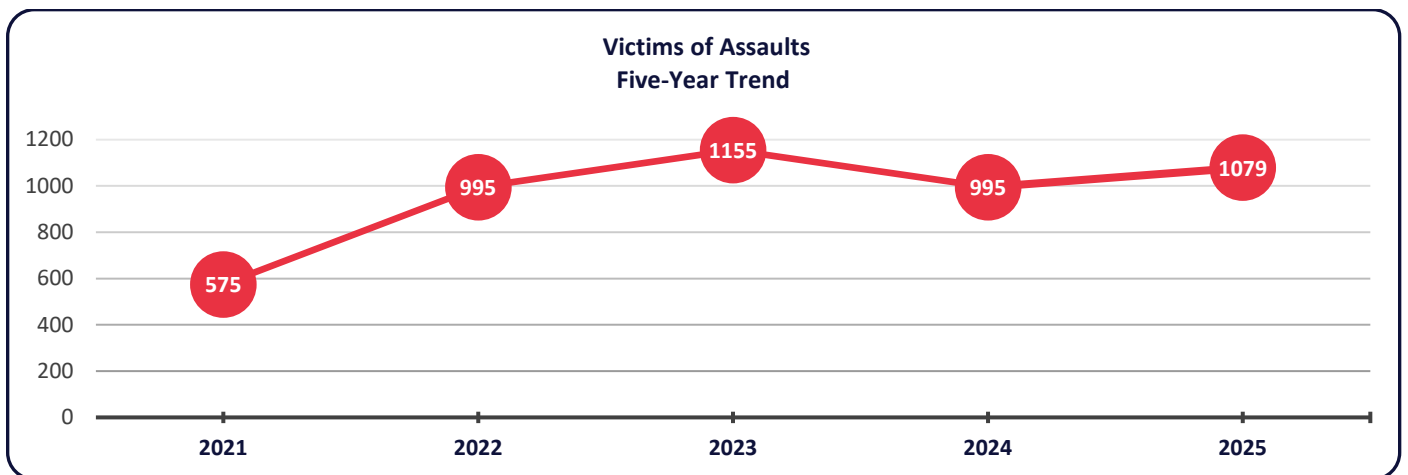
In the third quarter, 30 sexual violations reported.



Appendix 7: five-year comparison

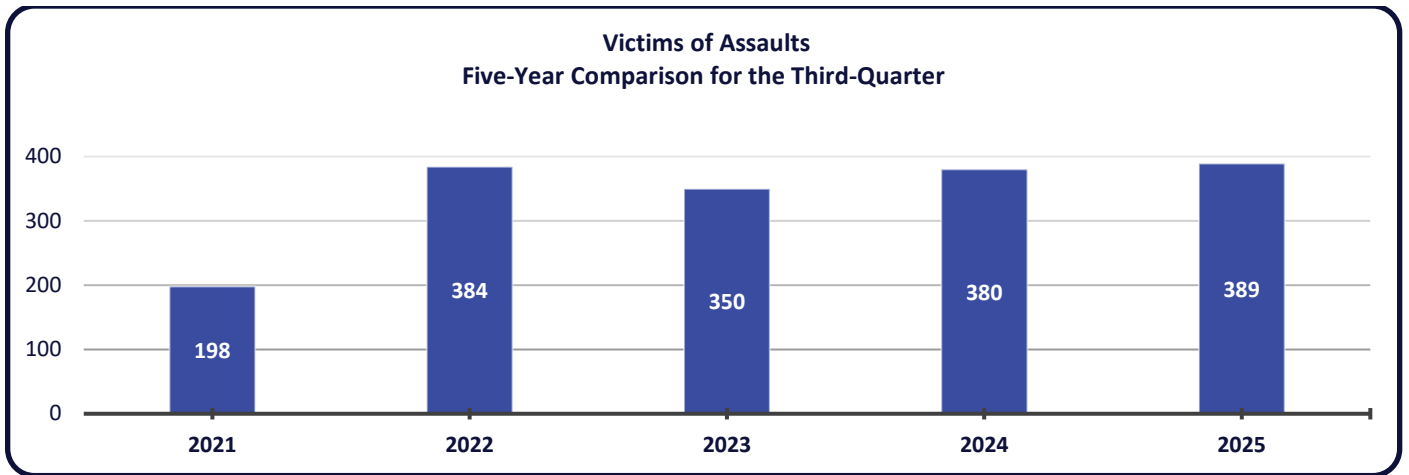
### Victims of Assault

YTD, there were 1079 victims of assault, which is a 8.44% increase from the previous year. In 403 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



Appendix 8: five-year YTD trend

In the third quarter, there were 389 victims of assault, which is a 2.37% increase from the previous year. In 140 occurrences, the investigations resulted in criminal charges.

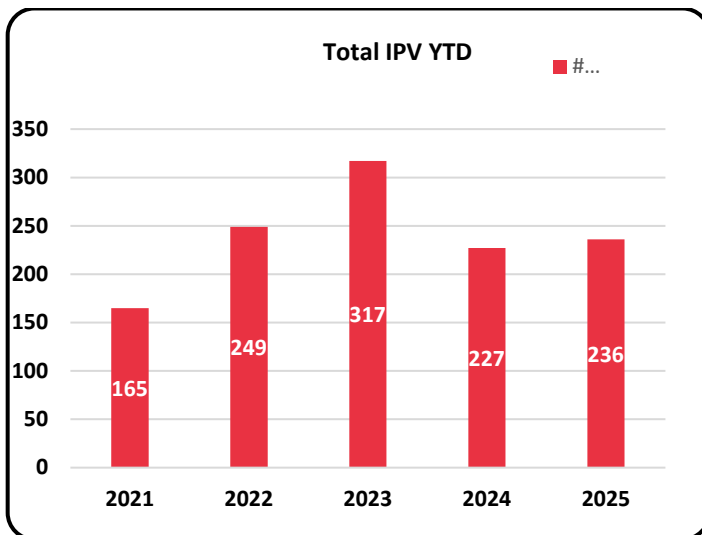


Appendix 9: five-year comparison

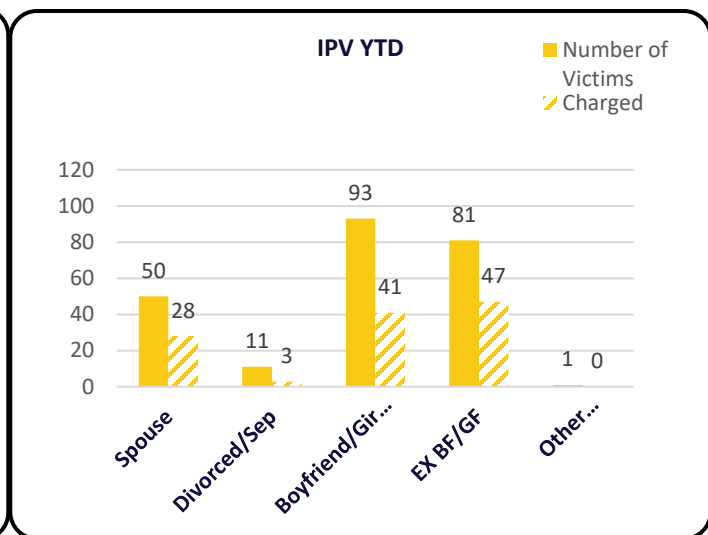
### Intimate Partner Violence

YTD, 20% or 236 of all assaults were intimate partner violence (IPV). In 119 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. In 97 occurrences, the suspect and victim lived in the same residence.

The victims; 9 female youth, 185 women, 1 male youth and 41 men.



Appendix 10: Total IPV YTD



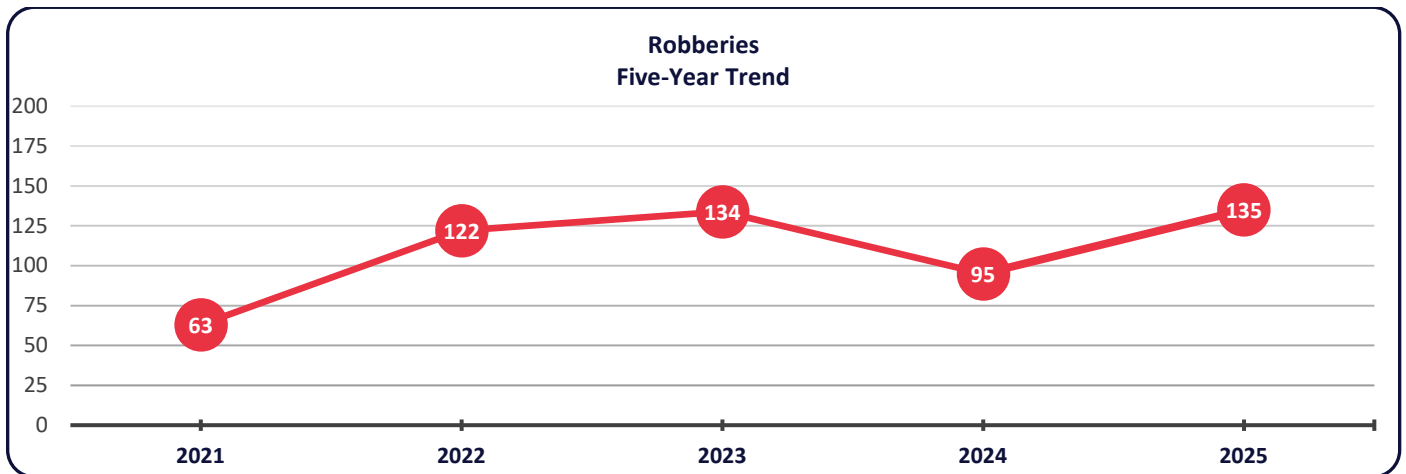
Appendix 11: IPV relationships

In the third quarter, there were 63 assaults that were intimate partner violence (IPV). In 35 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. In 17 occurrences, the suspect and victim lived in the same residence.

## Robberies

YTD, there were 135 robbery victims in 121 occurrences. In 19 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is above the five-year average, which is 110 victims.

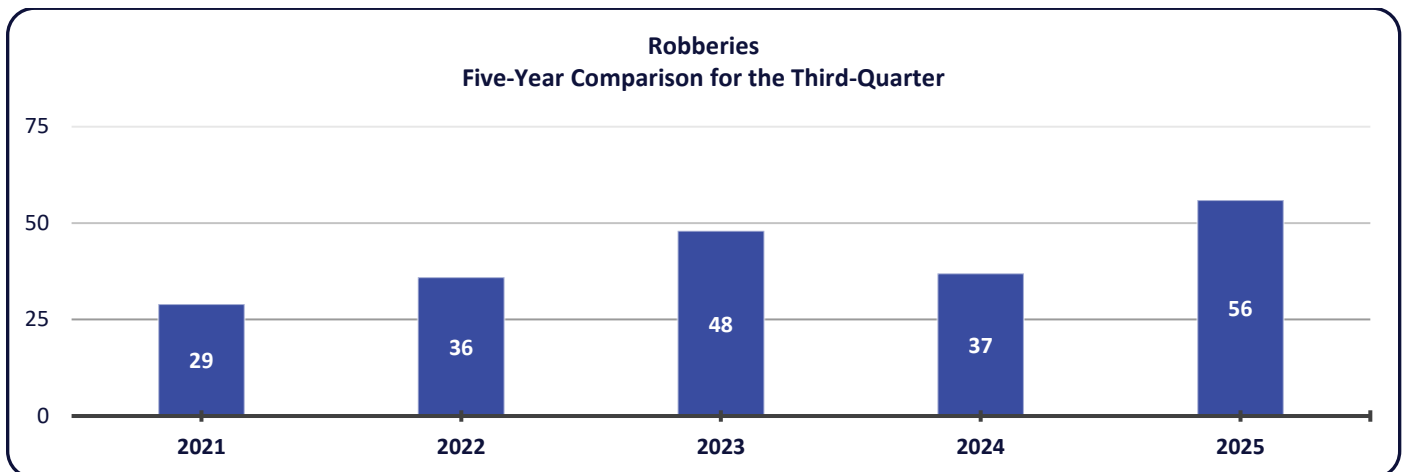
Victims were targeted in 39 occurrences, 69 were in open-air, and 13 were to businesses. Of these a vehicle being taken (or attempted to be taken) occurred 35 times.



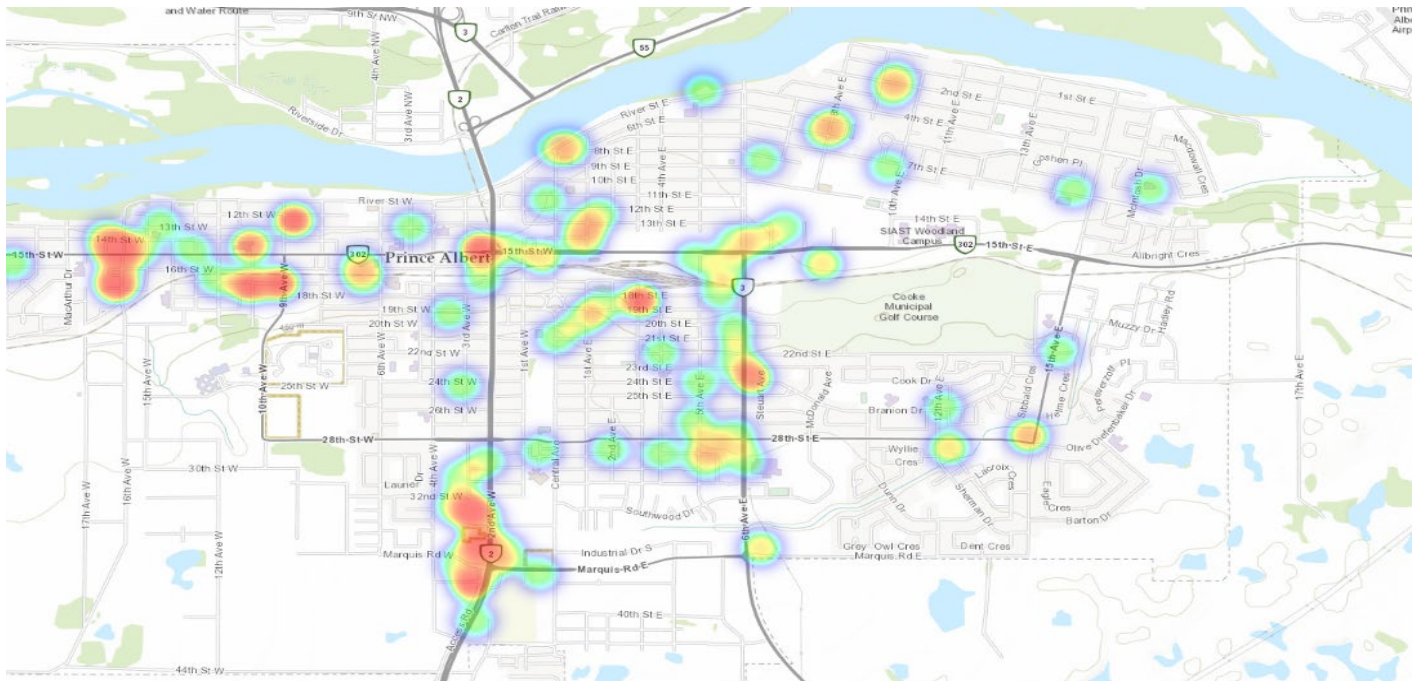
**Appendix 12:** five-year YTD trend

In the third quarter, there were 56 robbery victims in 51 occurrences. In 19 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is above the five-year average for the third quarter, which is 41.

Victims were targeted in 16 occurrences, 31 were in open-air, four (4) were to businesses. Of these a vehicle being taken (or attempted to be taken) occurred 18 times.



**Appendix 13:** five-year comparison

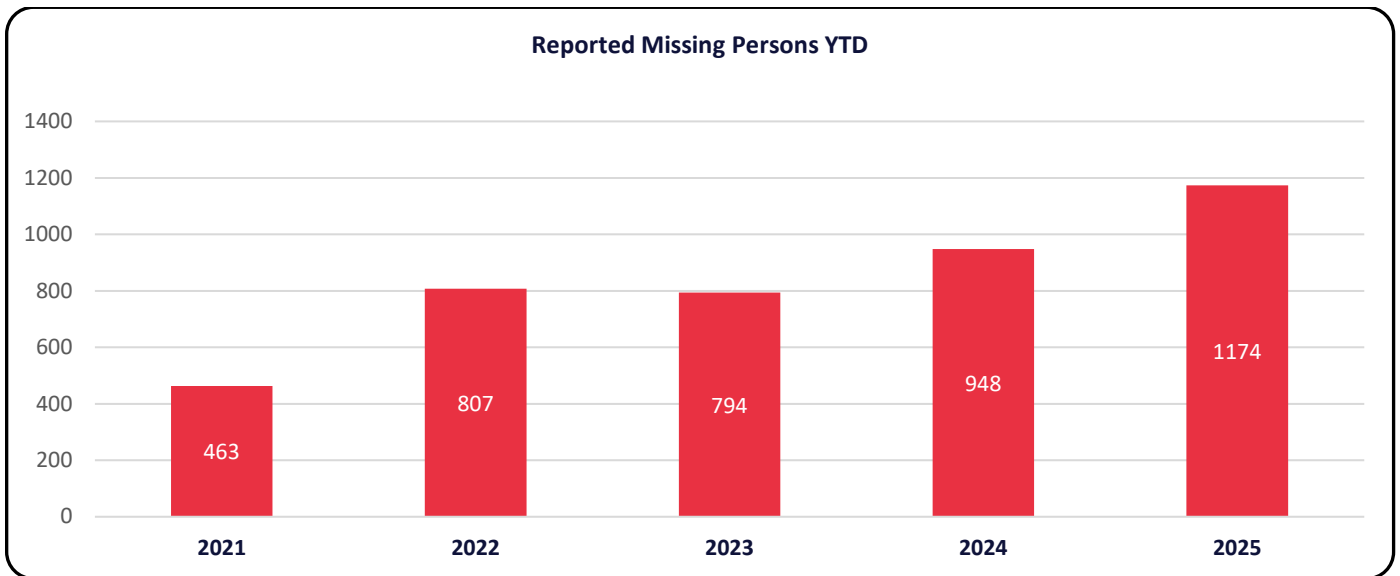


**Appendix 14:** third-quarter heat map of robberies

### Missing Persons

YTD, there were 1174 people reported missing. Currently, there are six (6) missing persons from the beginning of the year to the end of the third quarter that remain active investigations.

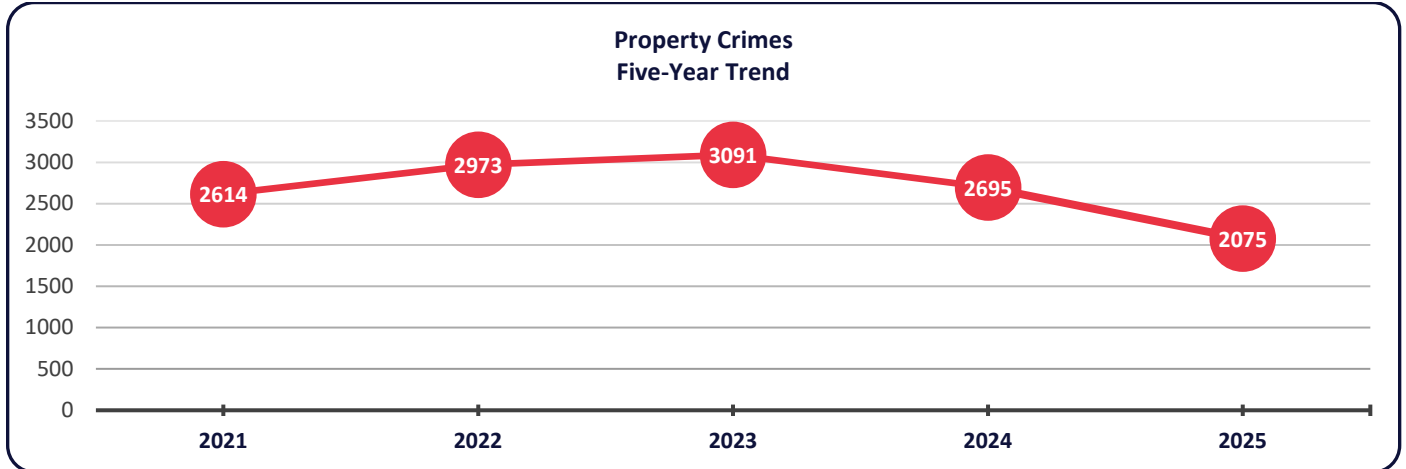
There are 16 active missing persons investigations that were reported prior to 2025



**Appendix 15:** five-year YTD

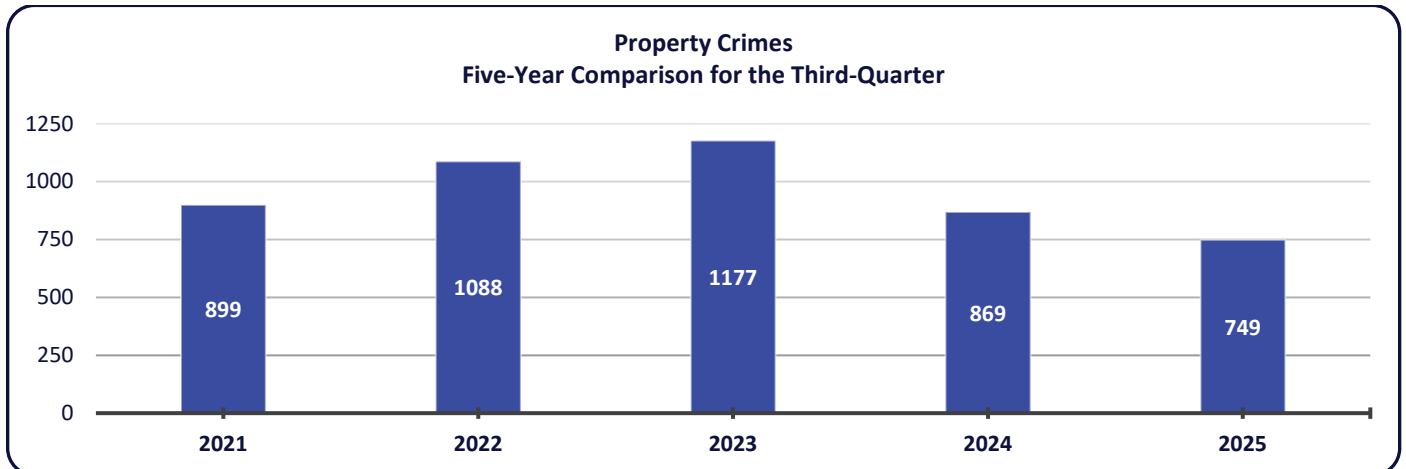
## Property Crime

YTD, there were 2075 occurrences of property crime. In 310 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is less than the five-year average of 2690.



**Appendix 16:** five-year YTD trend

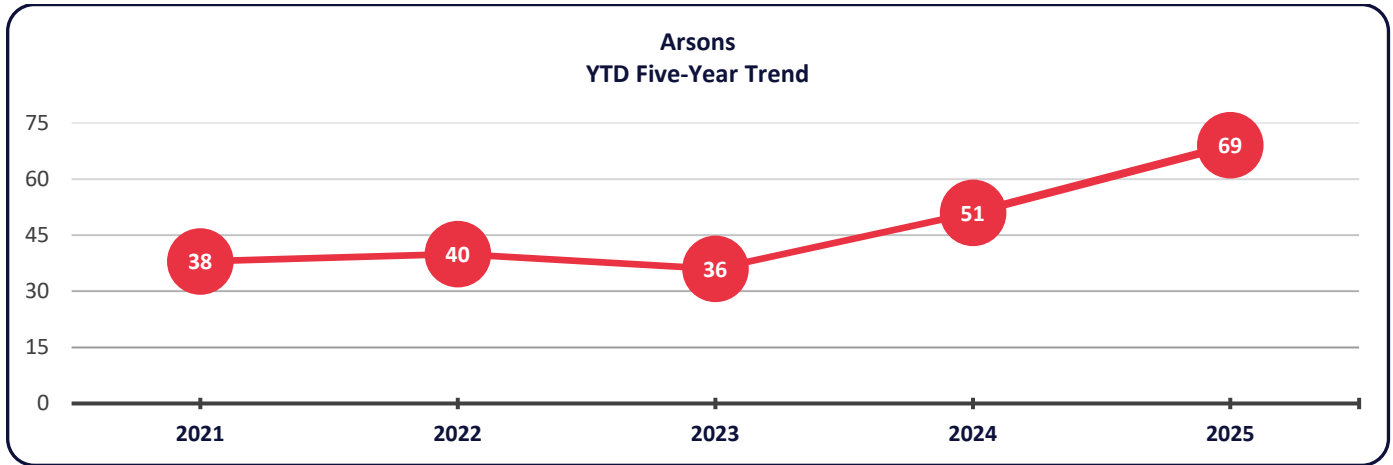
In the third quarter, there were 749 occurrences of property crime. In 125 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is less than the five-year average of 956.



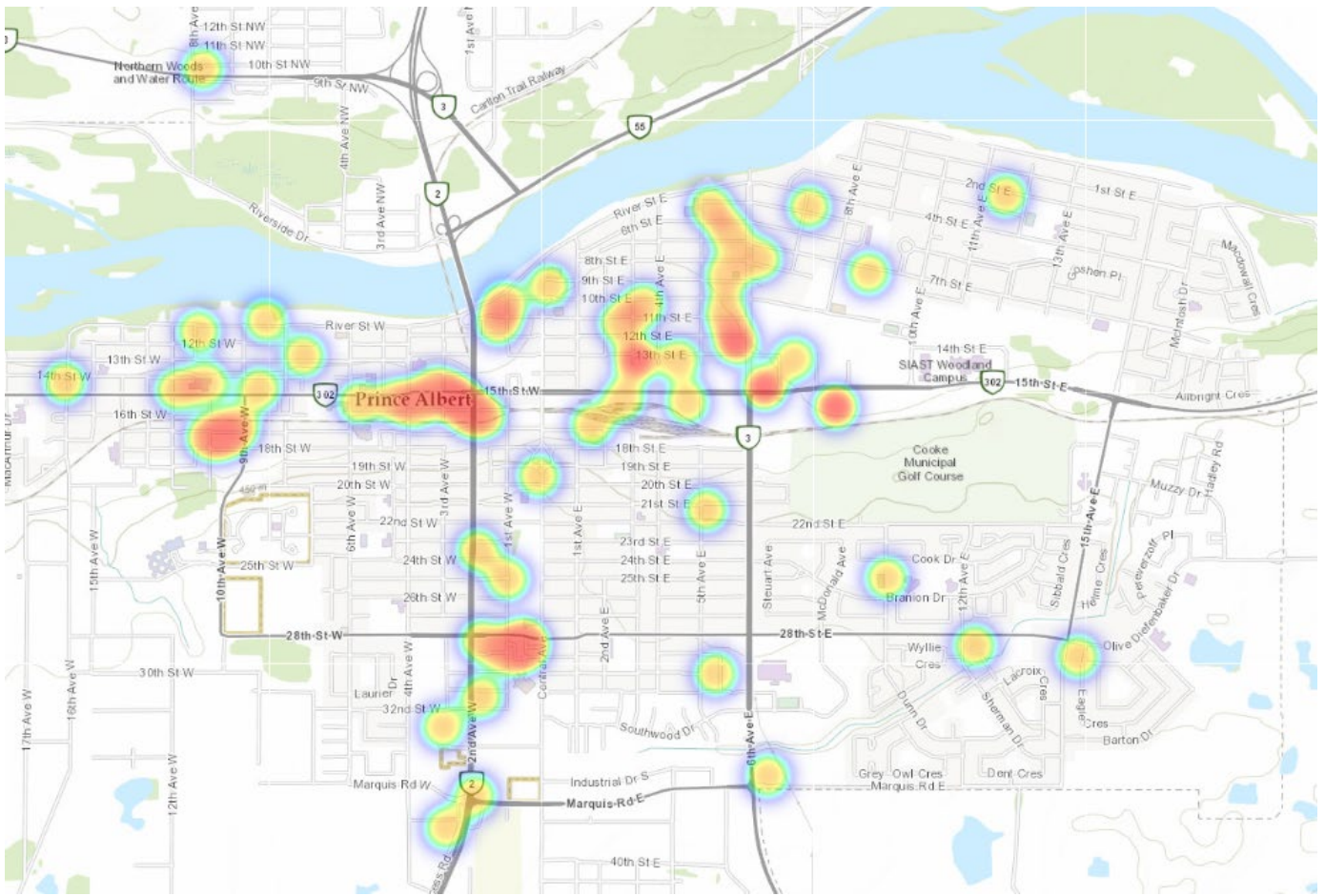
**Appendix 17:** five-year comparison

## Arsons

YTD, there were 69 occurrences of arsons, which is a 35.29% increase from the previous year. In five (5) occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.

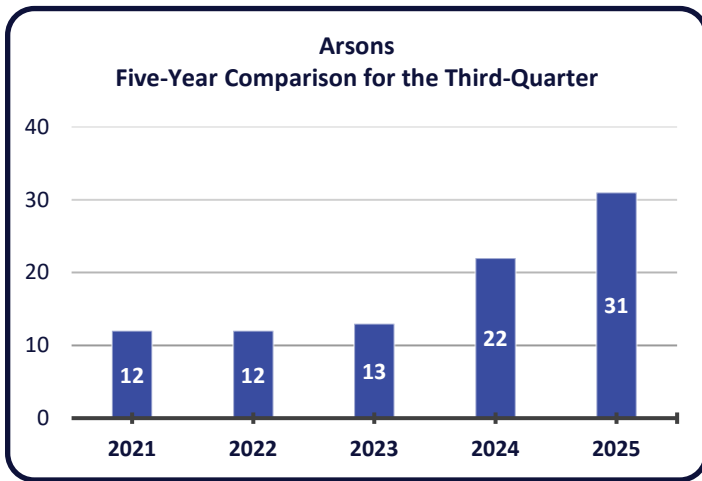


Appendix 18: five-year YTD trend

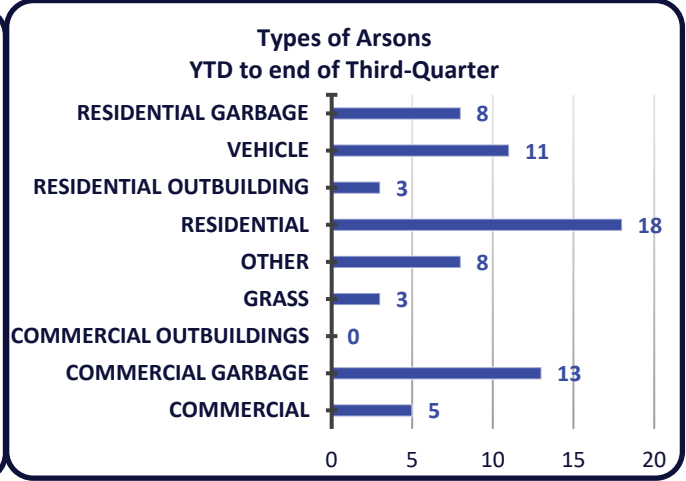


Appendix 19: YTD heat map of arsons

In the third quarter, there were 31 occurrences of arsons. This is a 40.91% increase from the previous year. In 4 occurrences, the investigation resulted in criminal charges.



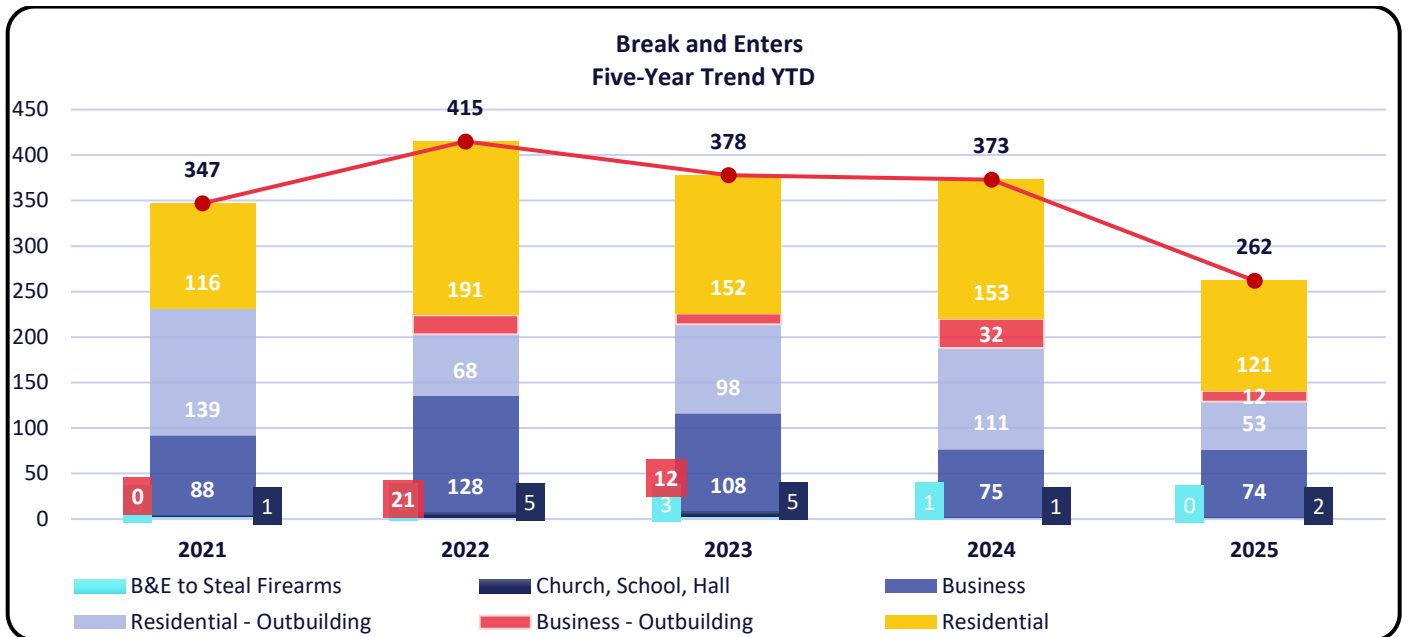
Appendix 20: five-year comparison



Appendix 21: YTD to end of third quarter

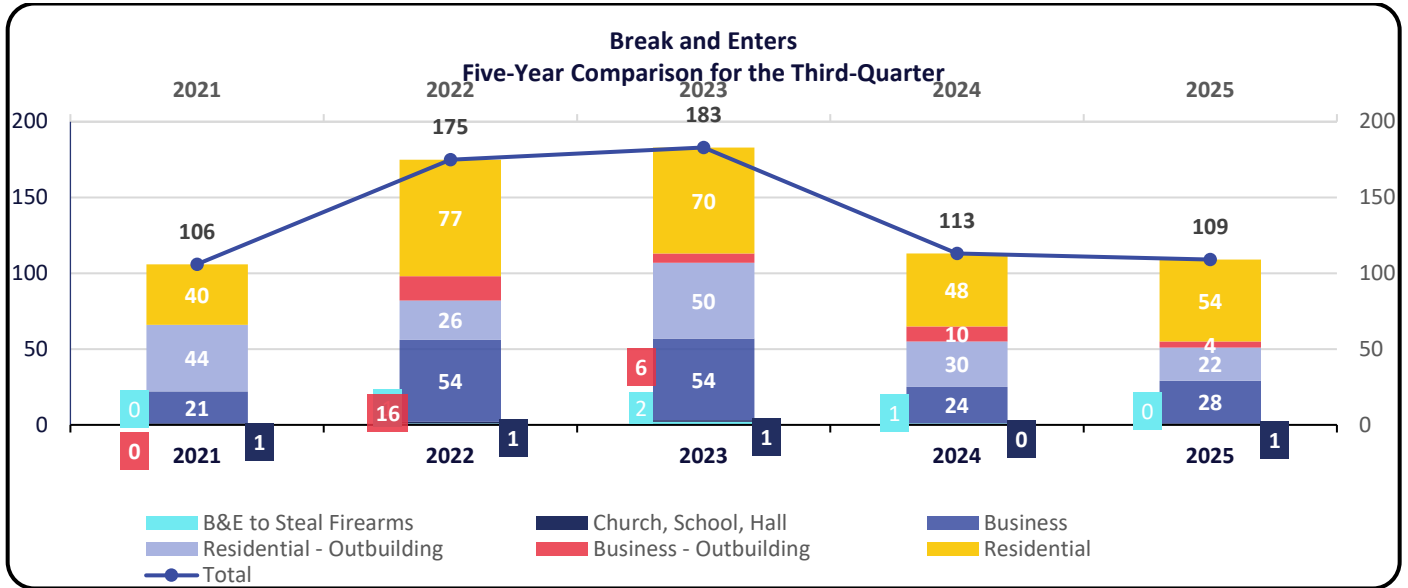
### Break and Enters

YTD, there were 262 occurrences of break-and-enters. In 49 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is lower than the five-year average of 355. Break and enter is separated into types: residential, business, outbuilding and break and enter to steal firearms.



Appendix 22: five-year trend

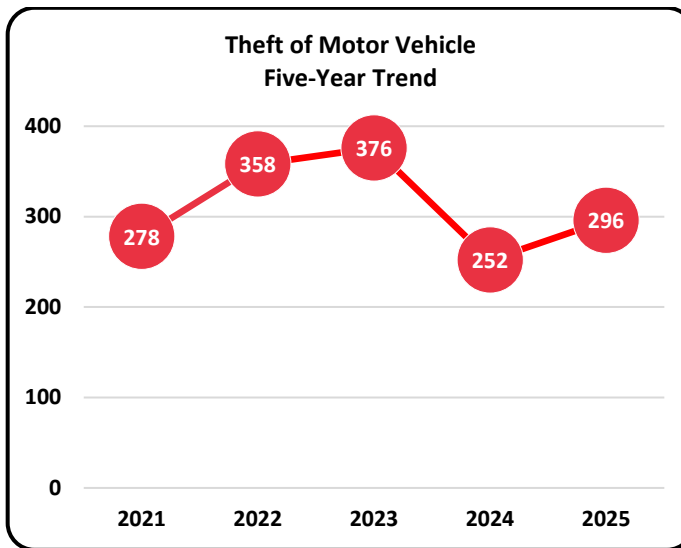
In the third quarter, there were 109 occurrences of break-and-enters. In 18 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is lower than the five-year average of 137.



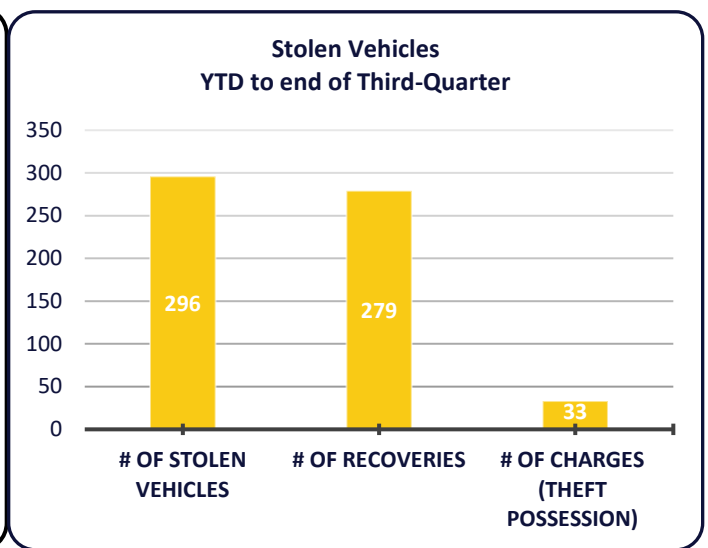
Appendix 23: five-year comparison

### Theft of Motor Vehicle

YTD, there were 296 vehicle thefts, this is an increase of 17.46% from the previous year. In 33 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



Appendix 24: five-year YTD trend

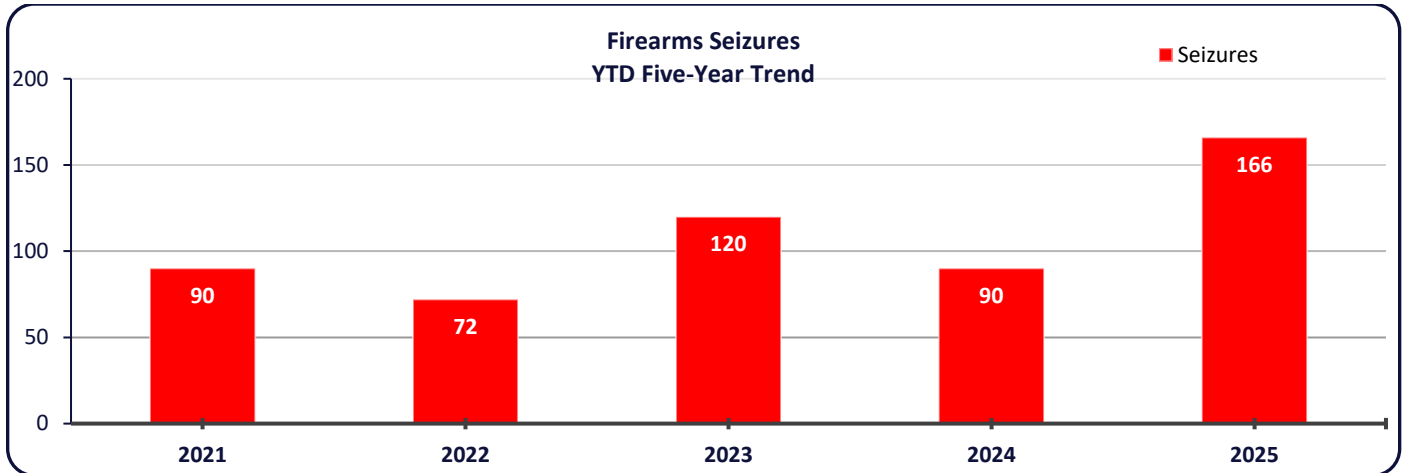


Appendix 25: recoveries and charges

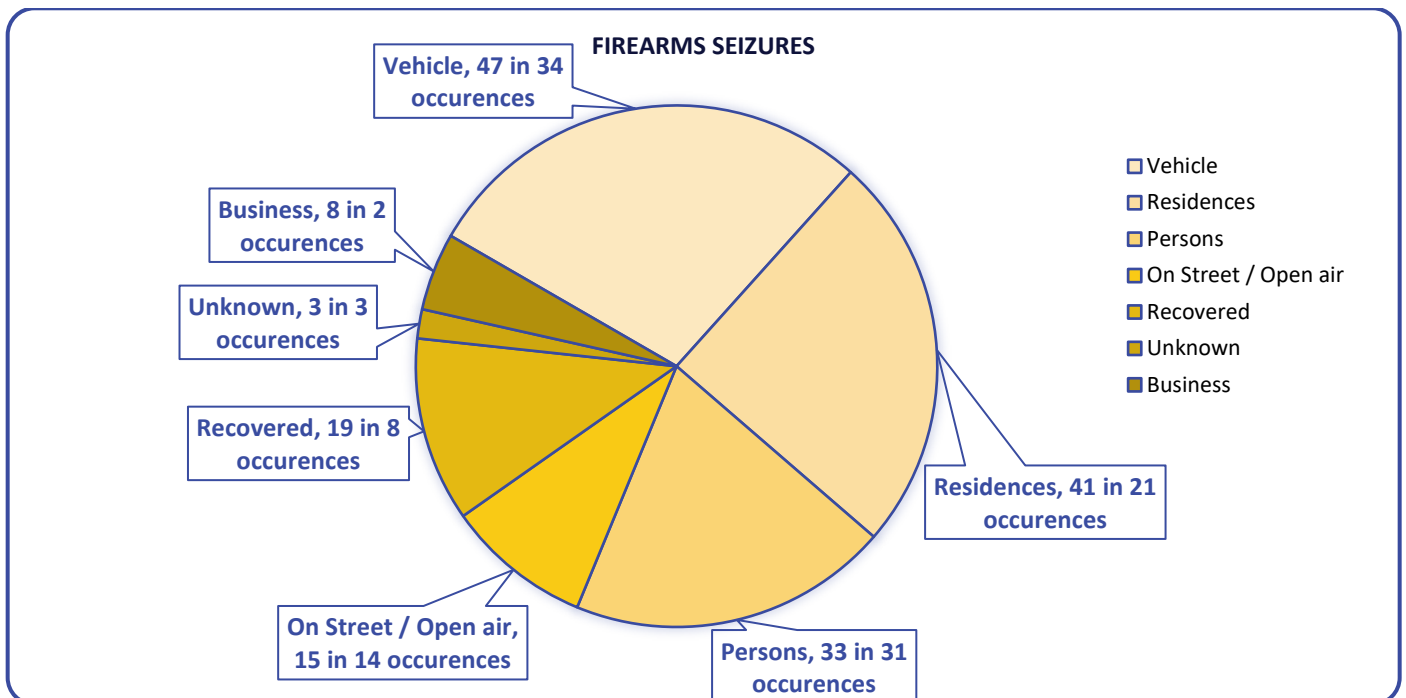
In the third quarter, there were 108 vehicle thefts, which is a 20% increase from the previous year. In 10 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.

## Firearms Seizures

YTD, there have been 166 firearm seizures in 113 occurrences. In 55 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



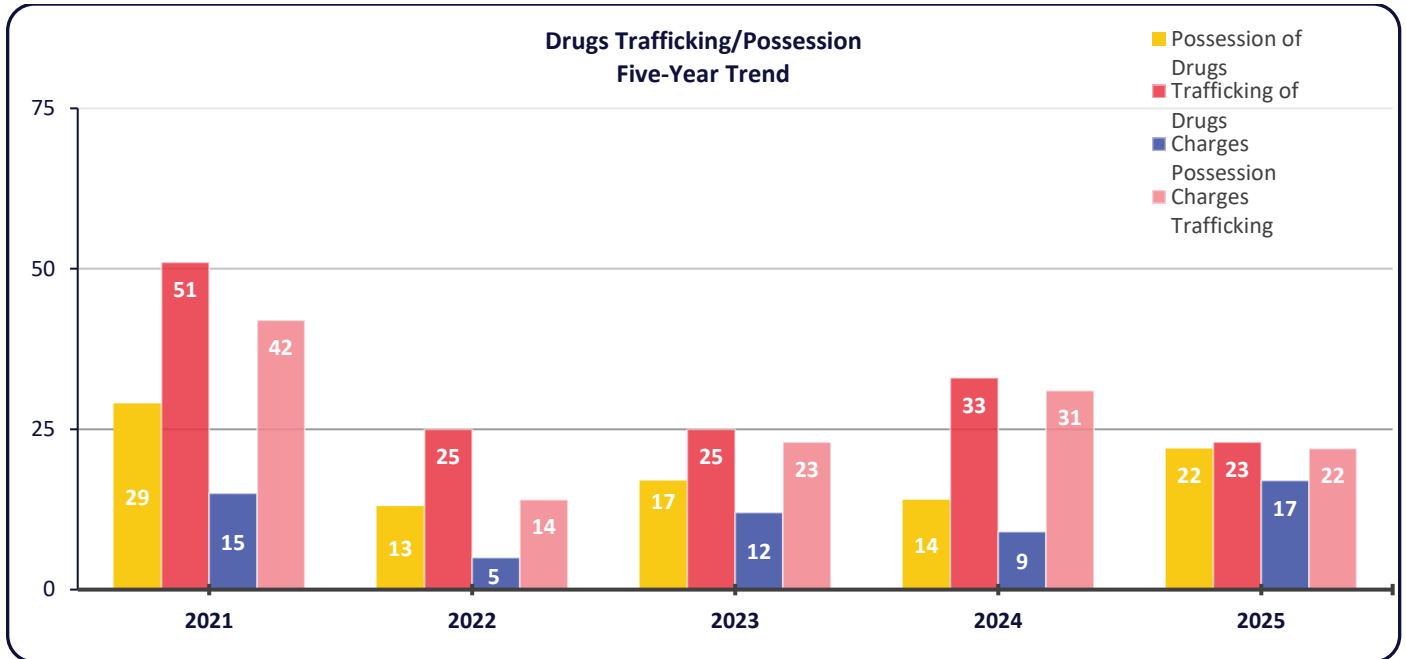
**Appendix 26:** five-year comparison



**Appendix 27:** how/where firearms were seized YTD

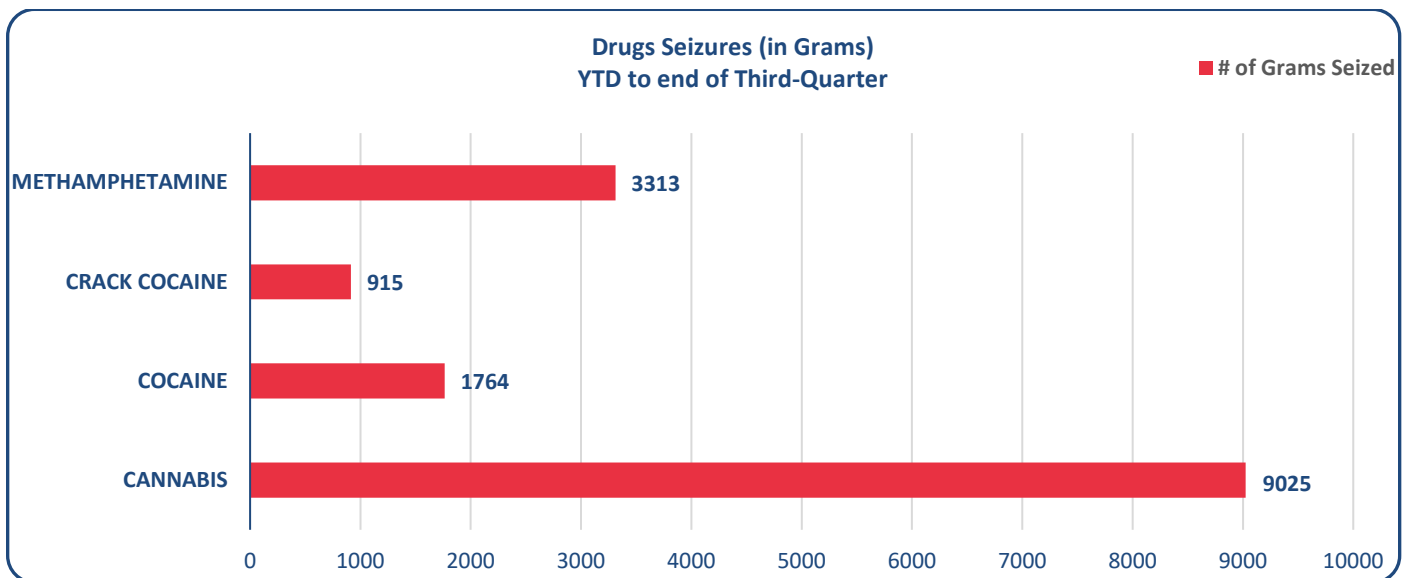
## Controlled Drugs and Substances

YTD, there were 23 drug trafficking occurrences, 22 investigations resulted in criminal charges. There were 22 possession occurrences, 17 investigations resulted in criminal charges.



**Appendix 28:** five-year YTD comparison

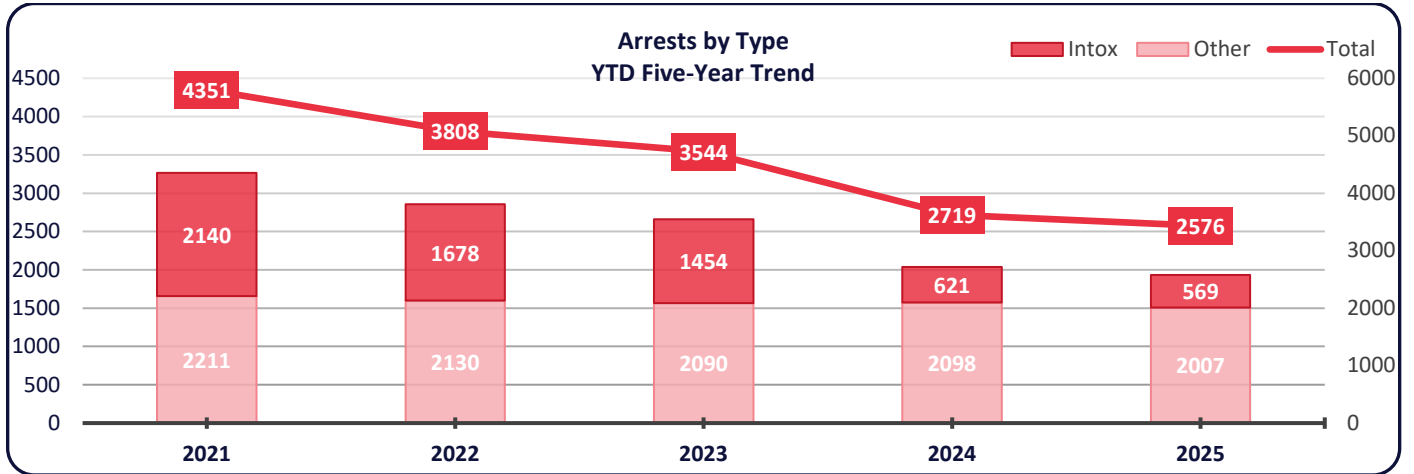
The five-year average of drug possession/trafficking occurrences is 43, the largest drug seizures was 9025 grams of cannabis.



**Appendix 29:** quantity of drugs seized YTD (grams)

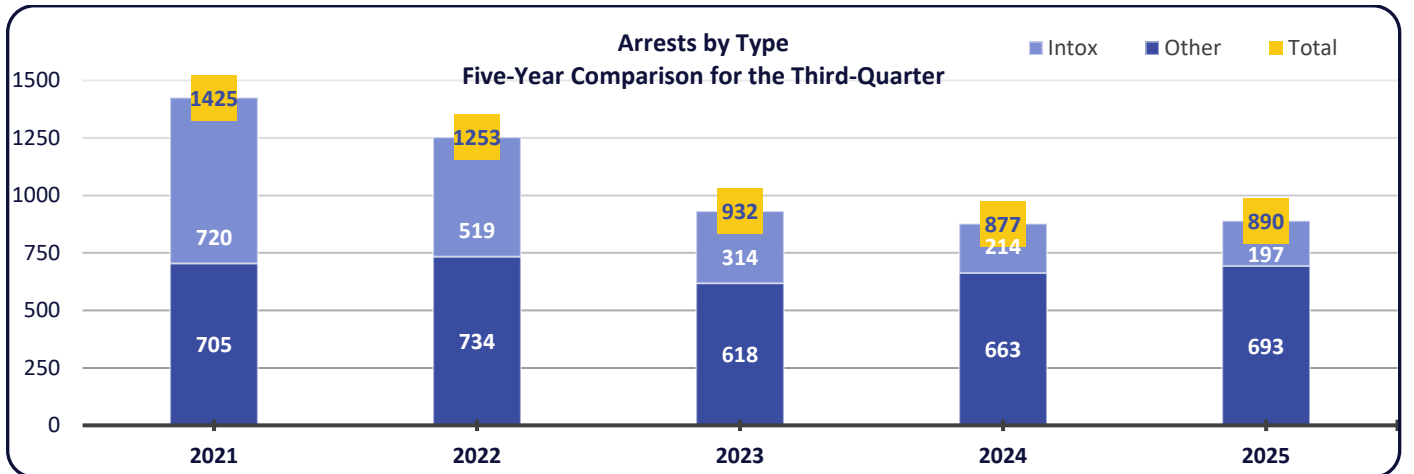
## Arrests

YTD, there were 2576 arrests, 569 were for intoxication.



**Appendix 30:** five-year YTD trend

In the third quarter, there were 890 arrests, 197 were for intoxication.



**Appendix 31:** five-year comparison

### Tickets

In the third quarter, there were 1435 ticket violations issued, which is a 11.47 % decrease from the previous year. Combined Traffic Services Saskatchewan (CTSS) issued 89.80 % of those.

### Warrants

In the third quarter, there were 721 new arrest warrants issued. There were 575 warrants executed, 108 of those were issued by other agencies.

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**PRESENTATION:**      **VERBAL**       **AUDIO/VISUAL**       **NONE**

**Prepared by: Deputy Chief Farica Prince** 

**Approved by: Chief of Police Nogier** 