



PRINCE ALBERT POLICE SERVICE

Second Quarter of 2025 Crime Statistics

TITLE: Second Quarter of 2025 Crime Statistics Report

DATE: September 5, 2025

To: Chief of Police

Board of Police Commissioners

PUBLIC

IN CAMERA

RECOMMENDATION:

The Board of Police Commissioners receive this report as information and file.

TOPIC & PURPOSE:

This report reviews the total statistics related to crime and calls. This public report is to keep our community and the Prince Albert Board of Police Commissioners informed on statistics.

BACKGROUND:

Year to date and second quarter statistics, which include April, May and June statistics related to crime and calls are captured, reviewed, and released to the Board and public. The information in this report is measured and compared to previous years and is provided to identify anomalies or trends. This information can be used to determine community and organizational needs and support decisions on resource deployment.

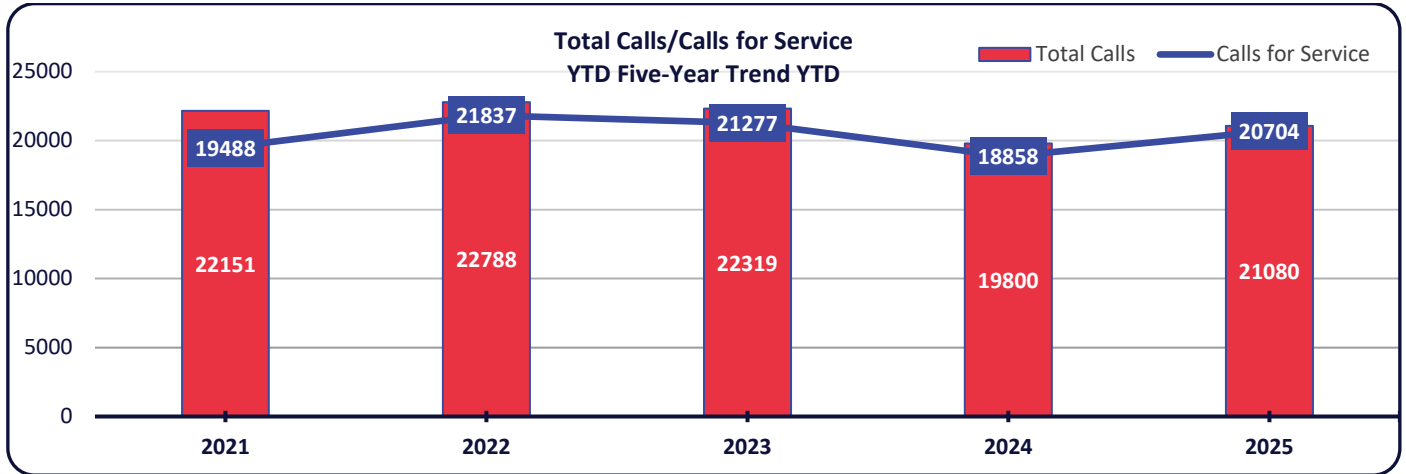
Calls for Service

The **total calls**, YTD were 21080. This is a 6.46% increase from the previous year.

The **proactive calls** or “neighborhood strengthening” efforts in YTD were 340. This is a 58.54% decrease from the previous year. There were 36 court related occurrences.

The **calls for service** received YTD were 20704. This is an increase of 9.79% from the previous year.

YTD, disturbances increased by 66.17%, from 3852 (2024) to 6401 (2025). This increase is due to a change in call classification. The “eviction” type, previously used for certain calls was retired, and such calls are now disturbances. A disturbance is a behavior that disrupts the peace, such as fighting, shouting, swearing, playing loud music, using obscene language, or refusing to leave when unwanted.

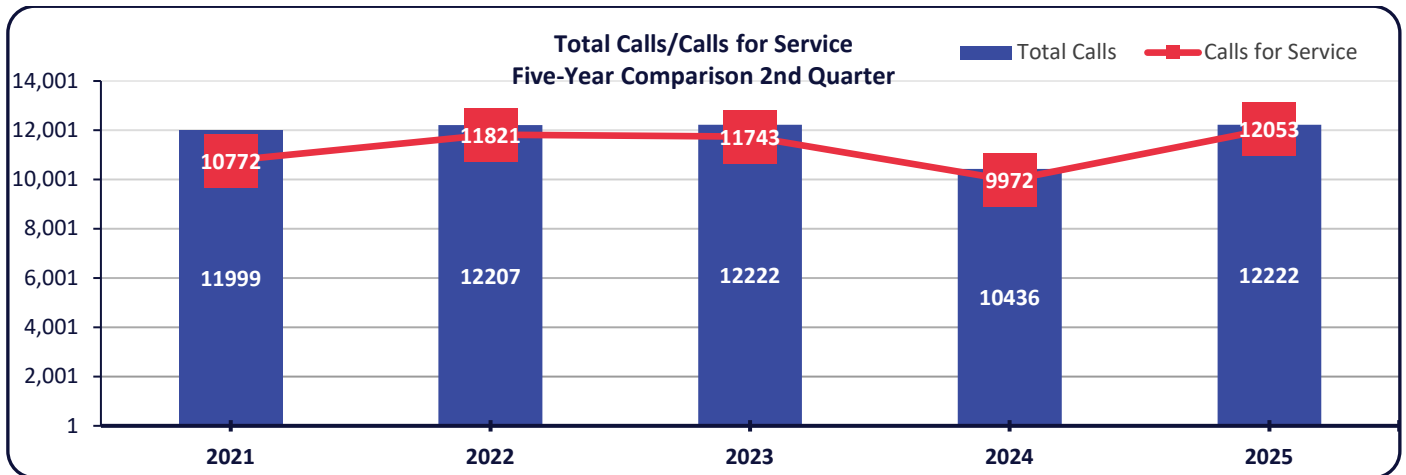


Appendix 1: five-year YTD trend

The **total calls**, for the second quarter were 12222. This is a 17.11% increase from the previous year.

The **proactive** or “neighborhood strengthening” efforts in the second quarter were 150. This is a 62.31% decrease from the previous year. There were 19 court related occurrences.

The **calls for service** received in the second quarter were 12053. That is an increase of 20.87% from the previous year. Disturbances increased by 82.6% from 2095 in 2024 to 3826 in 2025.

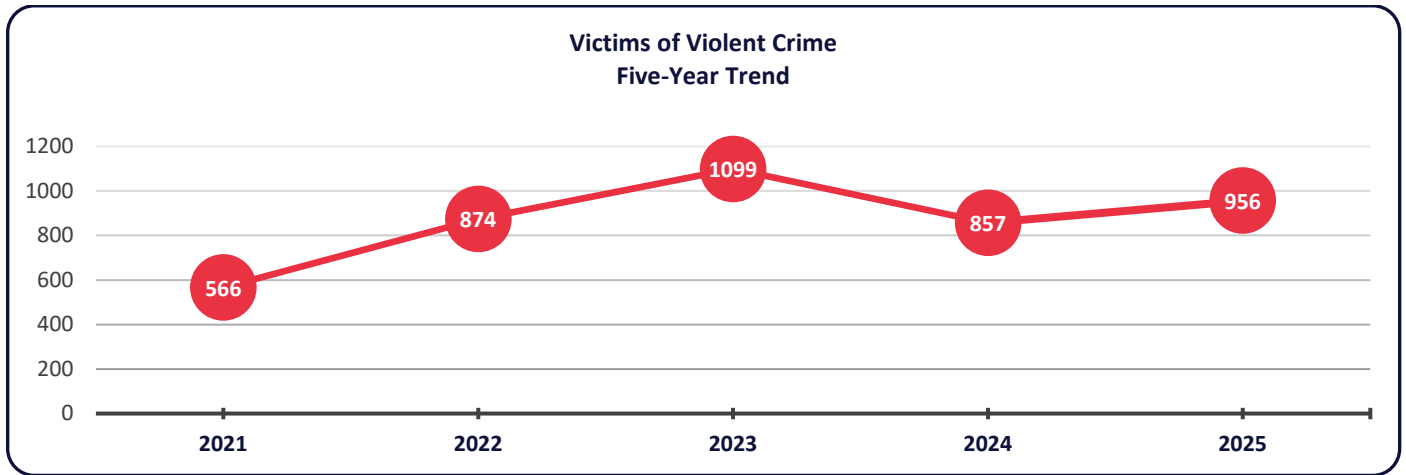


Appendix 2: five-year comparison

Victims of Violent Crime

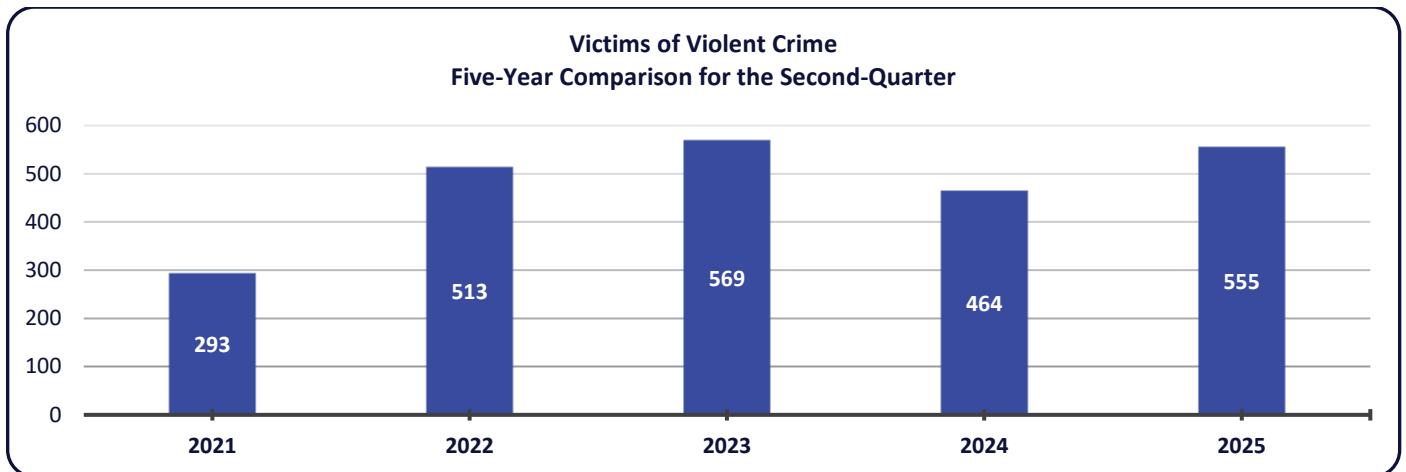
YTD, there were 956 victims of violent crime, which is a 11.55% increase from the previous year. In 339 of those occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.

Top five weapons used: physical force 420 times, bear spray was used/brandished 85 times, a knife was used/brandished 70 times, a firearm was used/brandished 46 times and a club was used/brandished 30 times.



Appendix 3: five-year YTD trend

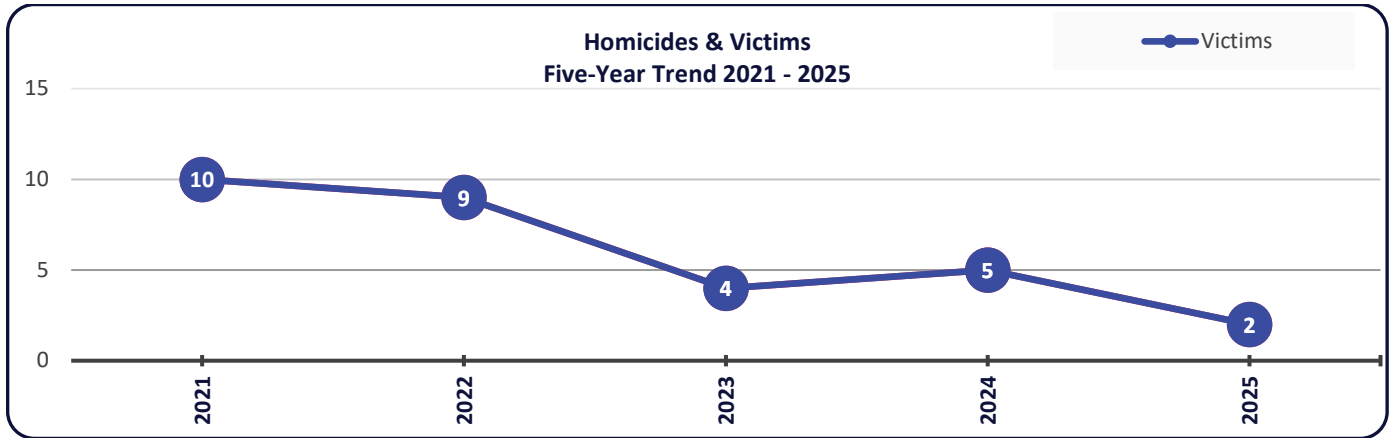
In the second quarter, there were 555 victims of violent crime, which is a 19.61% increase from the previous year. In 184 of those occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



Appendix 4: five-year comparison

Homicides

YTD, there were two (2) homicides. In one (1) of those occurrences, the investigation resulted in criminal charges.

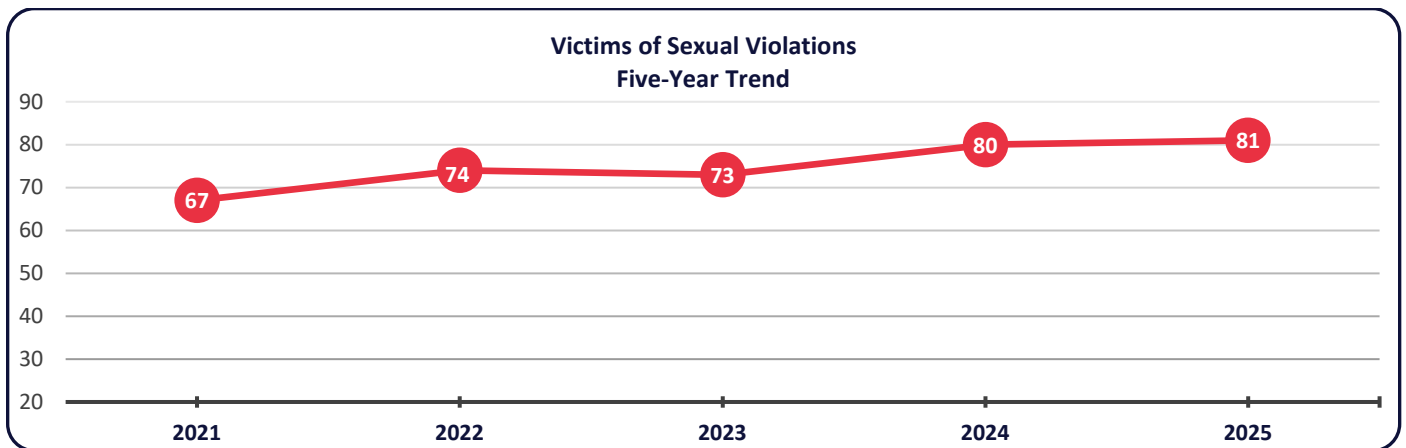


Appendix 5: five-year YTD trend

There was a 200% increase in attempted murders in the second quarter, from zero (0) in 2024 to two (2) in 2025. In both of those occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.

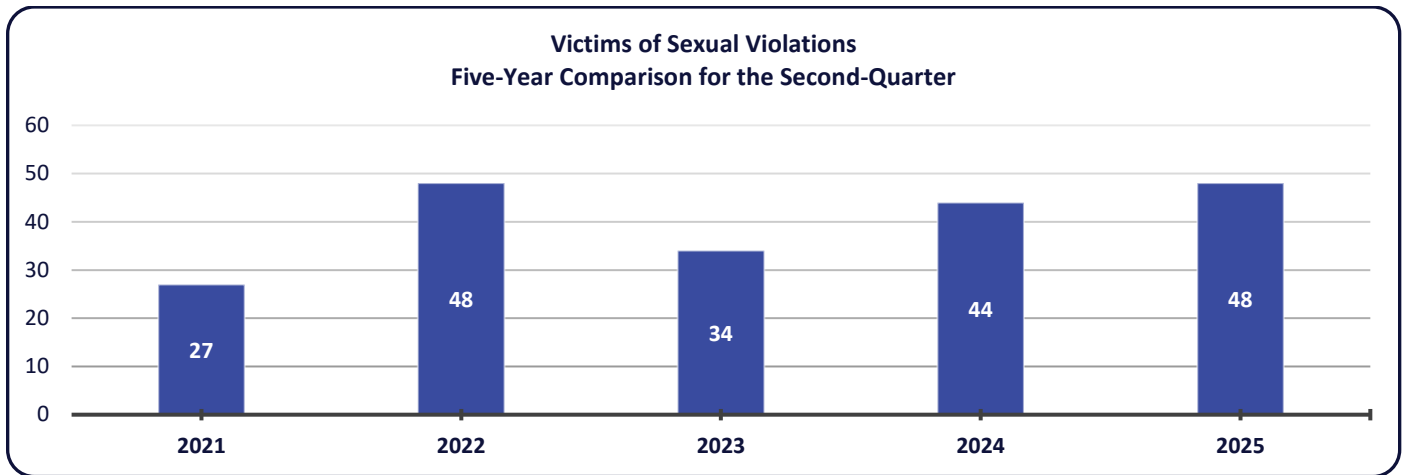
Victims of Sexual Violations

YTD, there were 81 sexual violations reported, which is a 1.25% increase from the previous year. In 23 of those occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



Appendix 6: five-year YTD trend

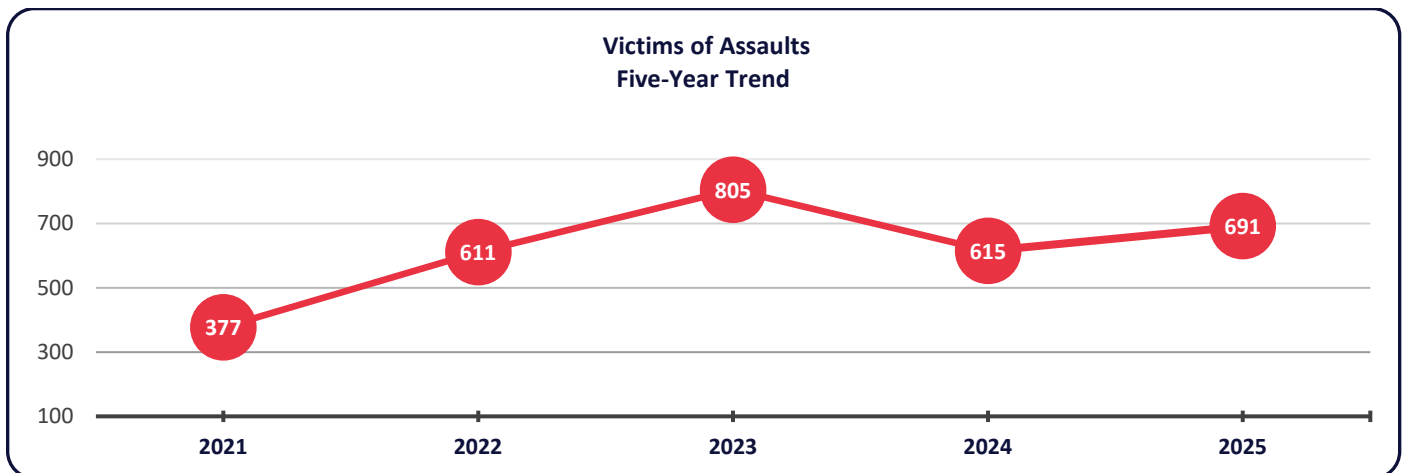
In the second quarter, 48 sexual violations reported, which is an increase from the previous year.



Appendix 7: five-year comparison

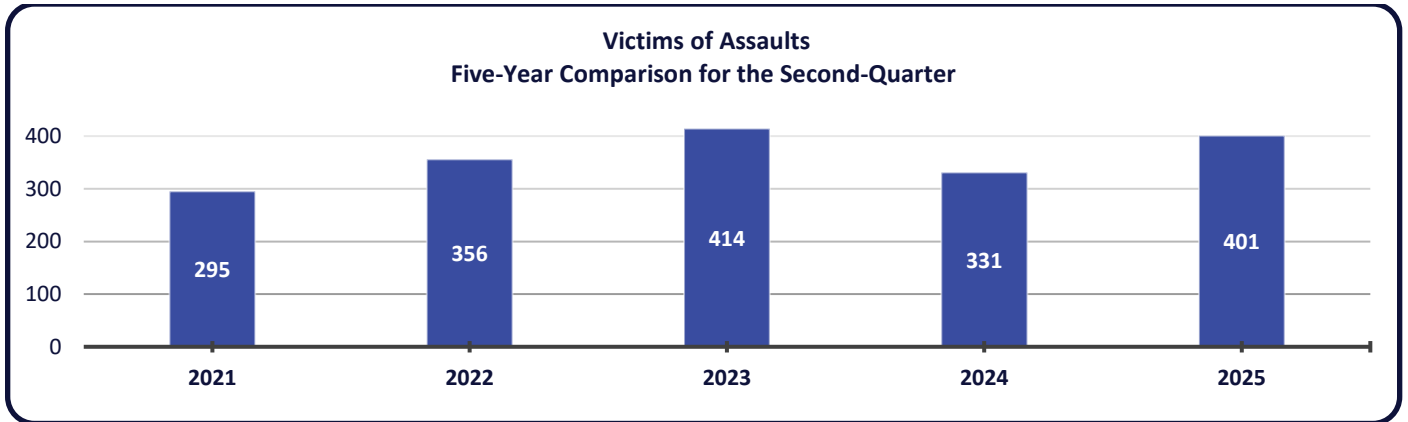
Victims of Assault

YTD, there were 691 victims of assault, which is a 12.36% increase from the previous year. In 280 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



Appendix 8: five-year YTD trend

In the second quarter, there were 401 victims of assault, which is a 21.15% increase from the previous year. In 145 occurrences, the investigations resulted in criminal charges.

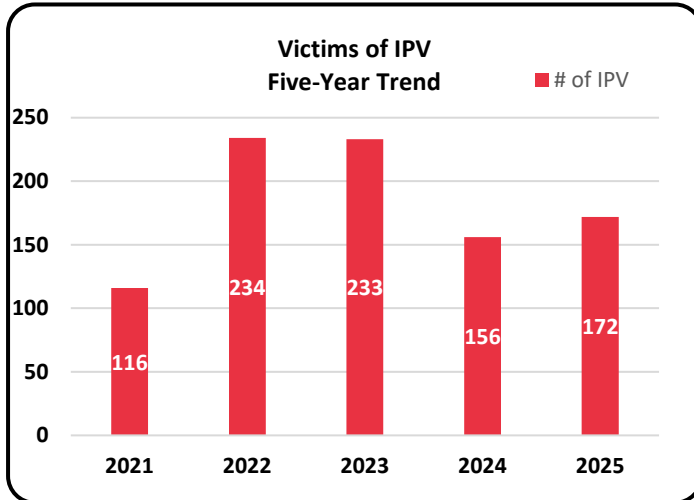


Appendix 9: five-year comparison

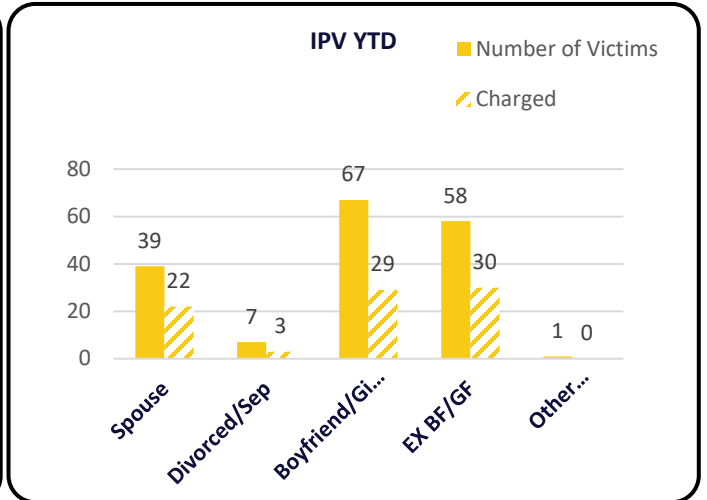
Intimate Partner Violence

YTD, 24.89% (172) of all assaults were intimate partner violence (IPV). In 64 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. In 42 occurrences, the suspect and victim lived in the same residence.

The victims; 7 female youth, 139 women, 1 male youth and 25 men.



Appendix 10: Total IPV YTD



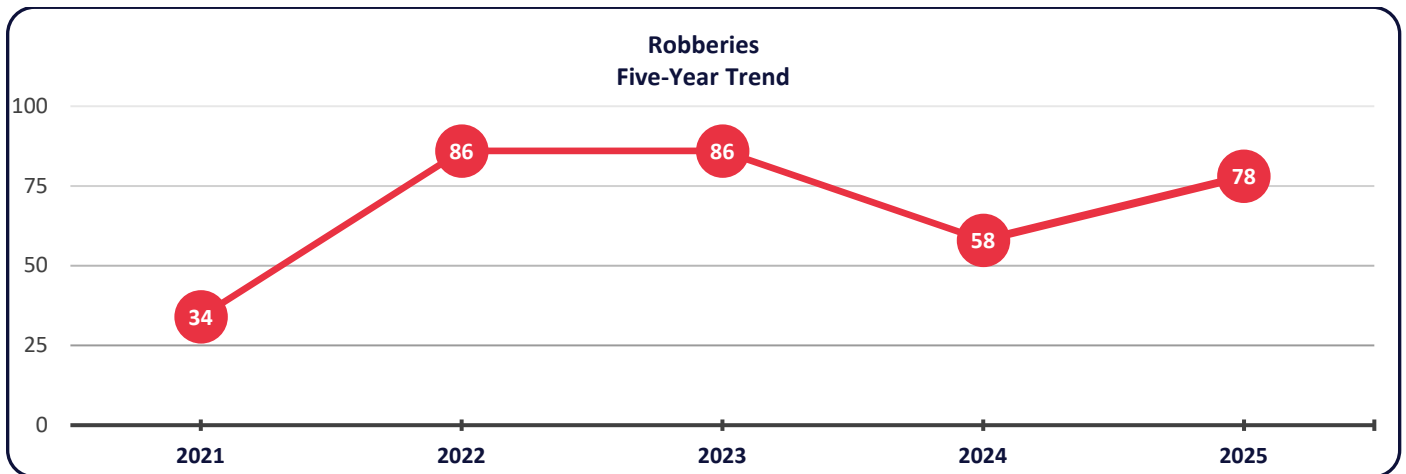
Appendix 11: IPV relationships

In the second quarter, there were 85 assaults that were intimate partner violence (IPV). In 38 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. In 47 occurrences, the suspect and victim lived in the same residence.

Robberies

YTD, there were 78 robbery victims in 69 occurrences. In 30 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is above the five-year average, which is 59 victims.

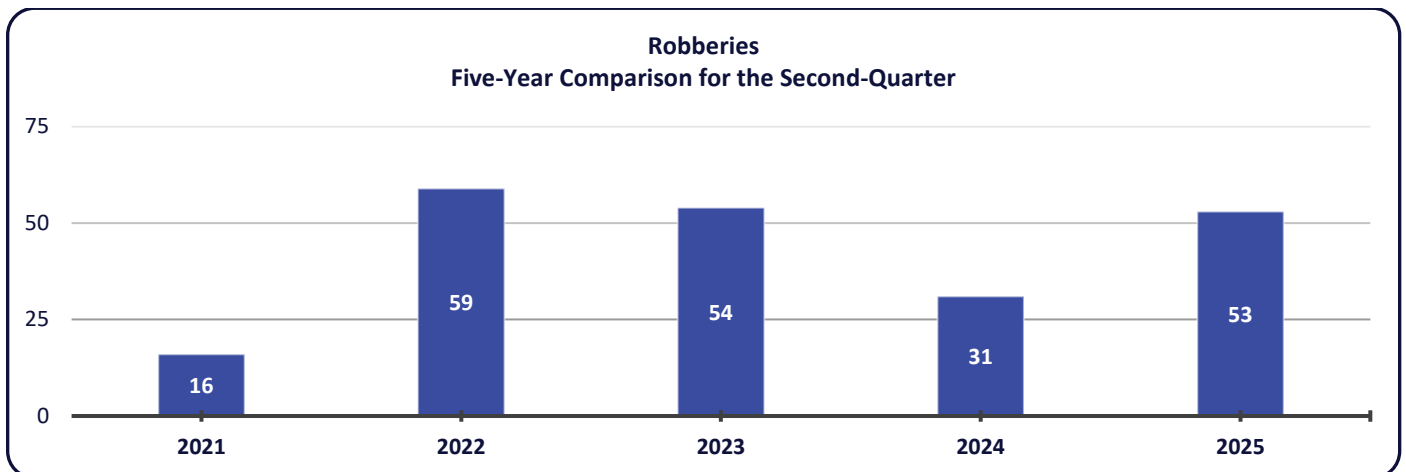
Victims were targeted in 23 occurrences, 37 were in open-air, and nine (9) were to businesses. A vehicle being taken (or attempted to be taken) occurred 19 times.



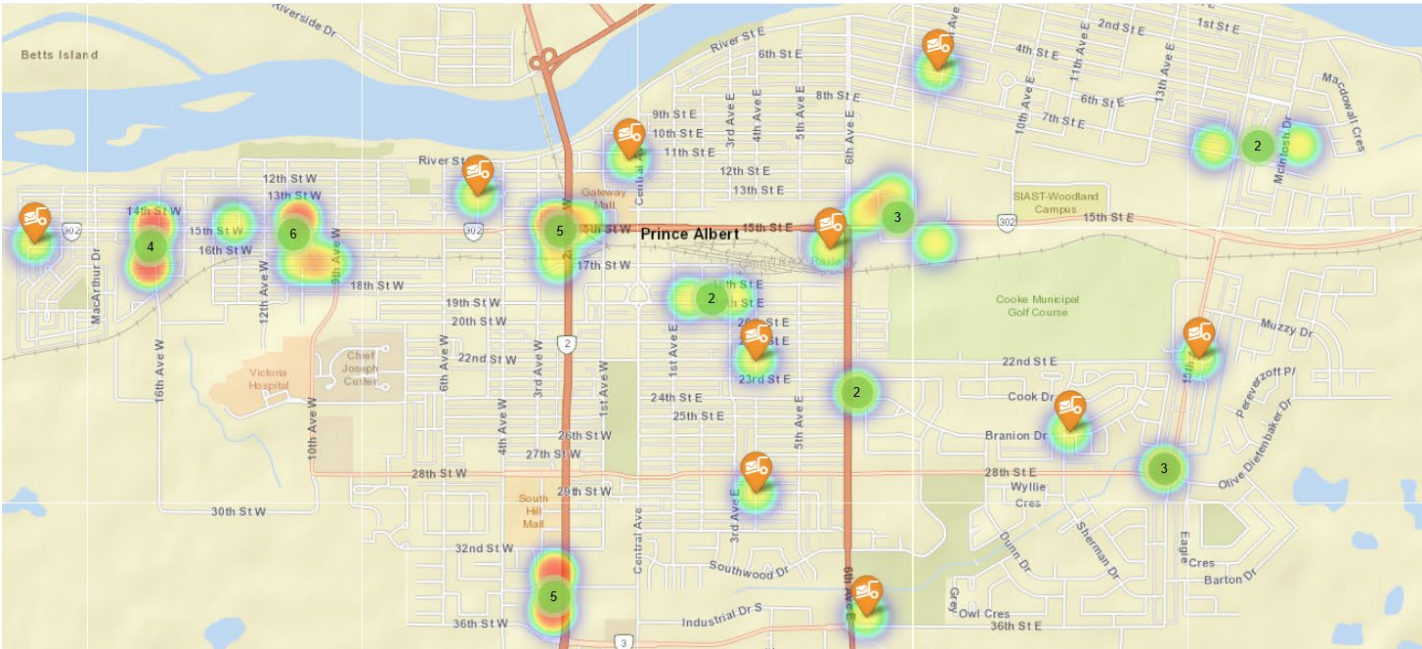
Appendix 12: five-year YTD trend

In the second quarter, there were 53 robbery victims in 42 occurrences. In 14 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is above the five-year average for the second quarter, which is 36.

Victims were targeted in (11) occurrences, 27 were in open-air, four (4) were to businesses. A vehicle being taken (or attempted to be taken) occurred eight (8) times.



Appendix 13: five-year comparison

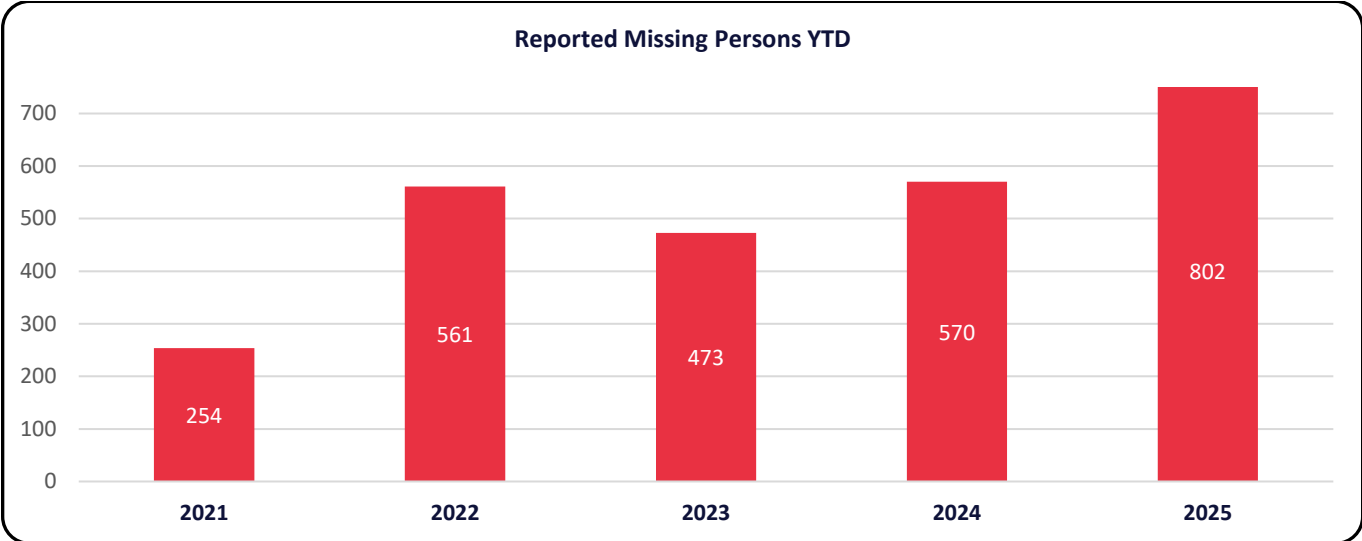


Appendix 14: second-quarter heat map of robberies

Missing Persons

YTD, there were 802 people reported missing. Currently, there are three (3) missing persons from the beginning of the year to the end of the second quarter that remain active investigations.

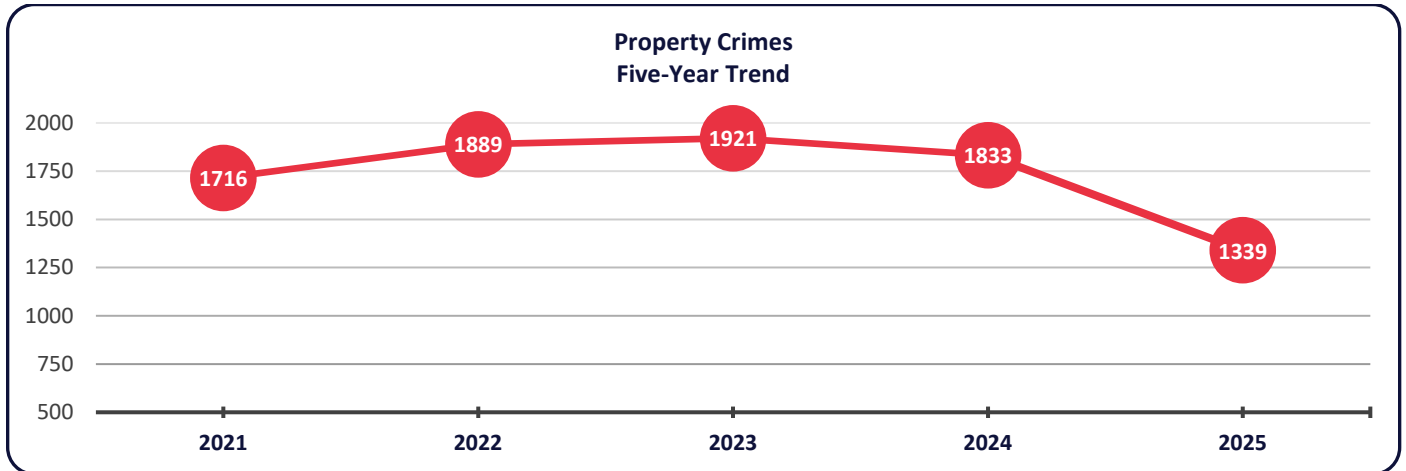
There are 16 active missing persons investigations that were reported prior to 2025.



Appendix 15: five-year YTD

Property Crime

YTD, there were 1339 occurrences of property crime. In 176 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is less than the five-year average of 1740.



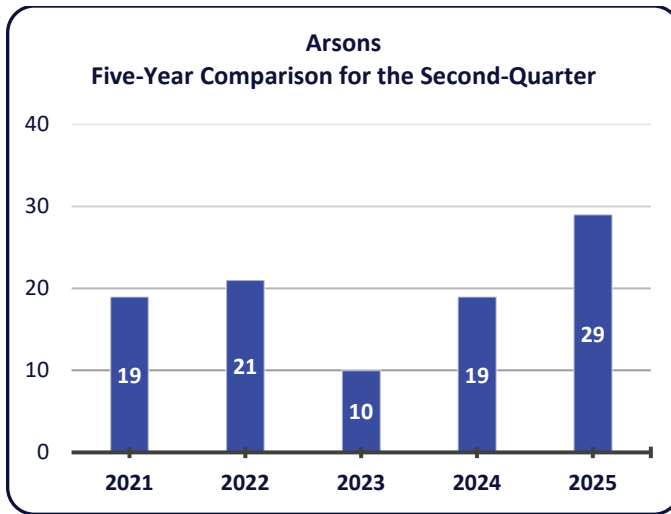
Appendix 16: five-year YTD trend

In the second quarter, there were 692 occurrences of property crime. In 61 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is less than the five-year average of 973.

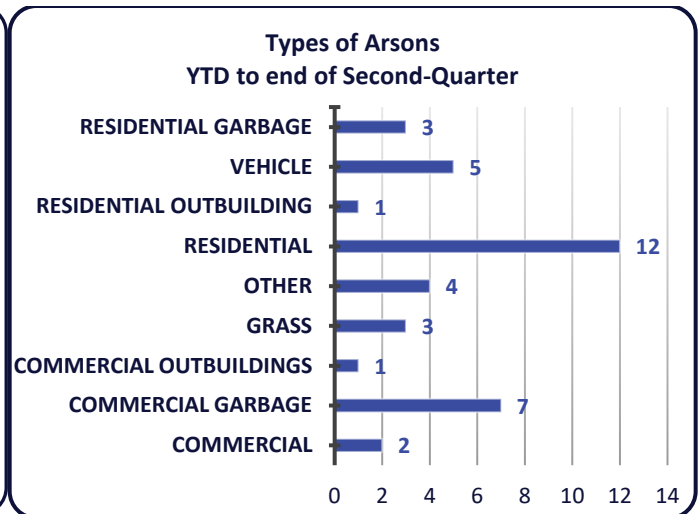


Appendix 17: five-year comparison

In the second quarter, there were 29 occurrences of arsons. In one (1) occurrence, the investigation resulted in criminal charges. This is a 52.63% increase from the previous year.



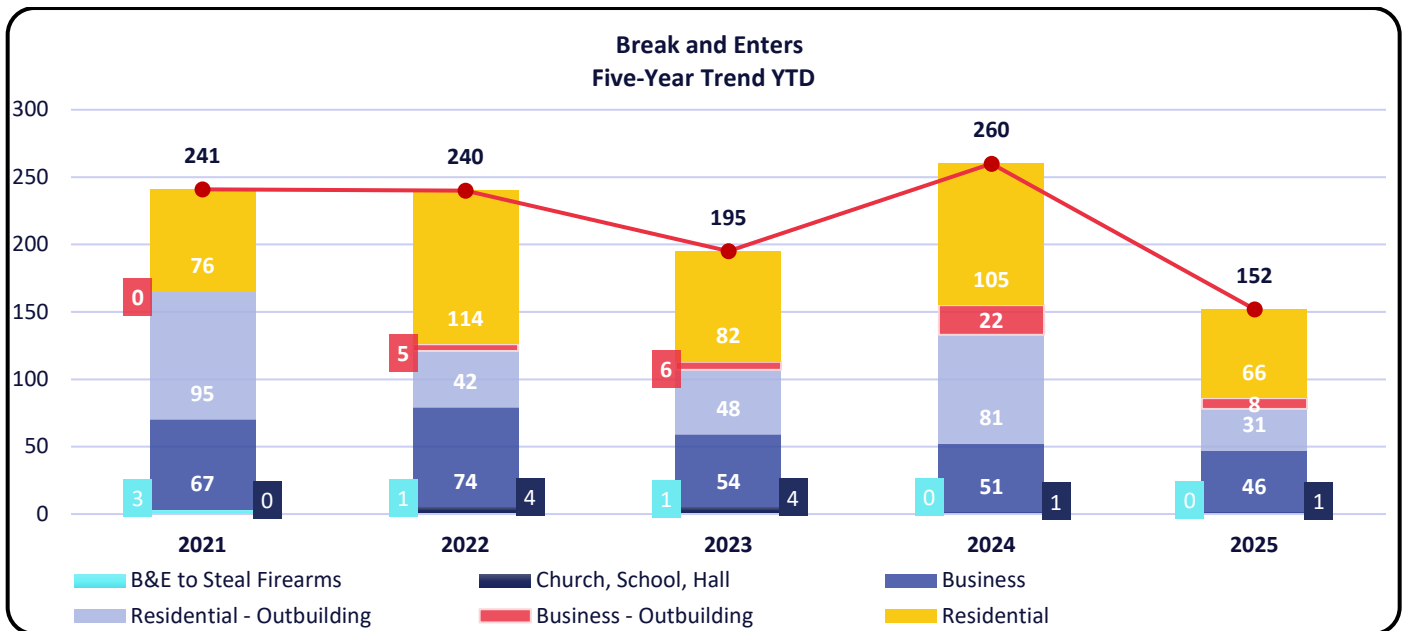
Appendix 20: five-year comparison



Appendix 21: YTD to end of second quarter

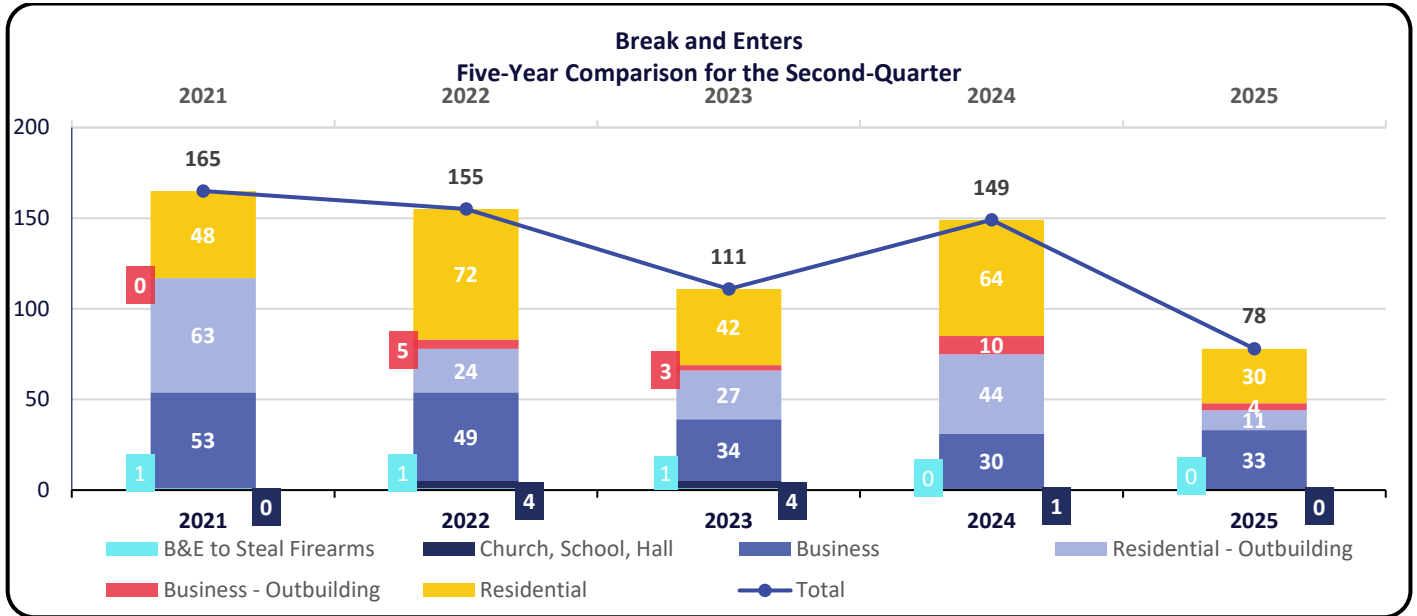
Break and Enters

YTD, there were 152 occurrences of break-and-enters. In 31 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is lower than the five-year average of 181. Break and enter is separated into types: residential, business, outbuilding and break and enter to steal firearms.



Appendix 22: five-year trend

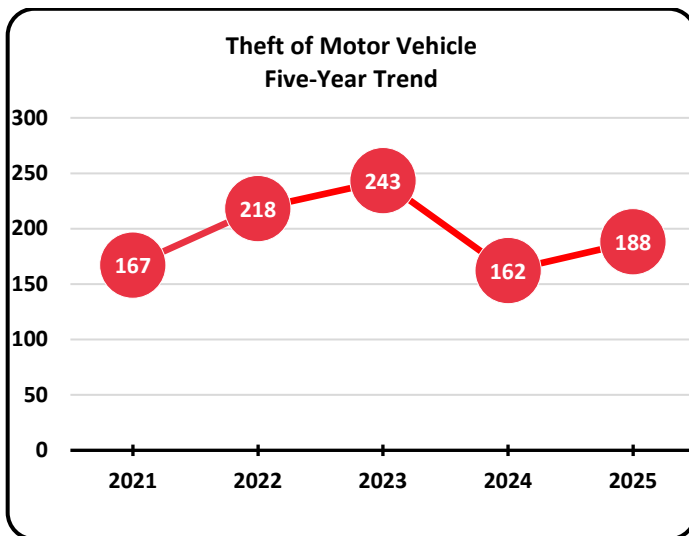
In the second quarter, there were 78 occurrences of break-and-enters. In 26 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges. This is lower than the five-year average of 132.



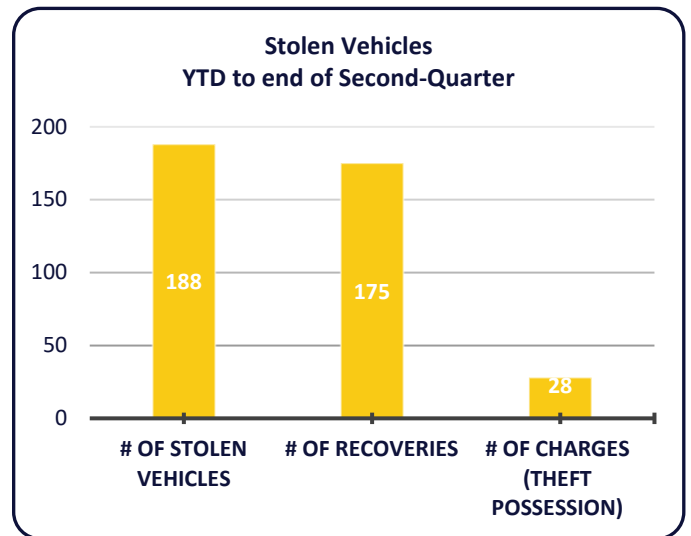
Appendix 23: five-year comparison

Theft of Motor Vehicle

YTD, there were 188 vehicle thefts, this is an increase of 15.43% from the previous year. In 28 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



Appendix 24: five-year YTD trend

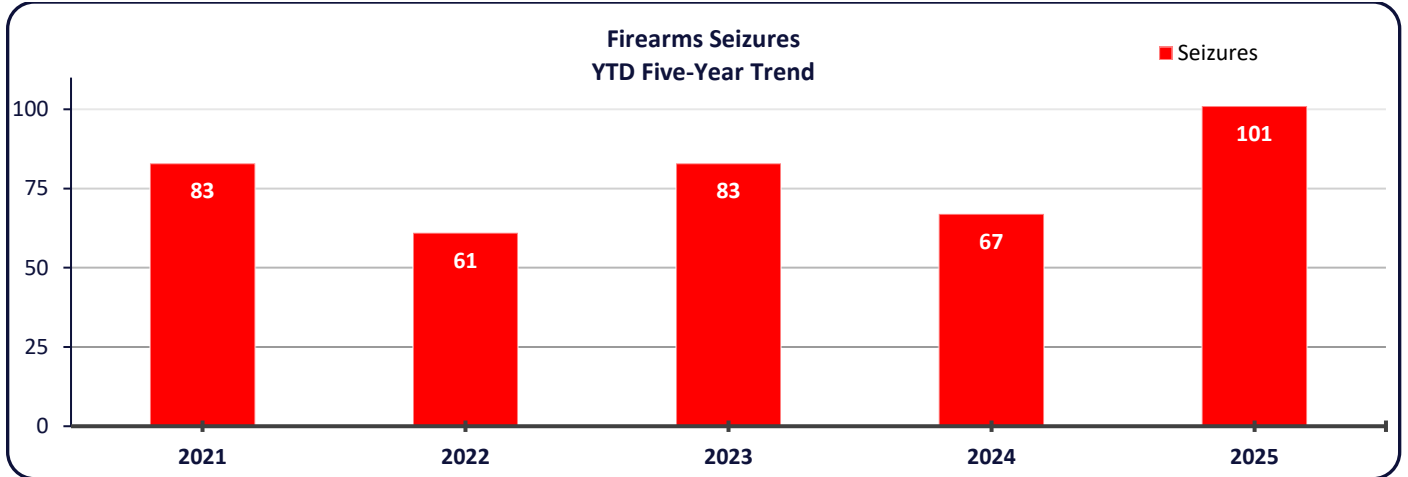


Appendix 25: recoveries and charges

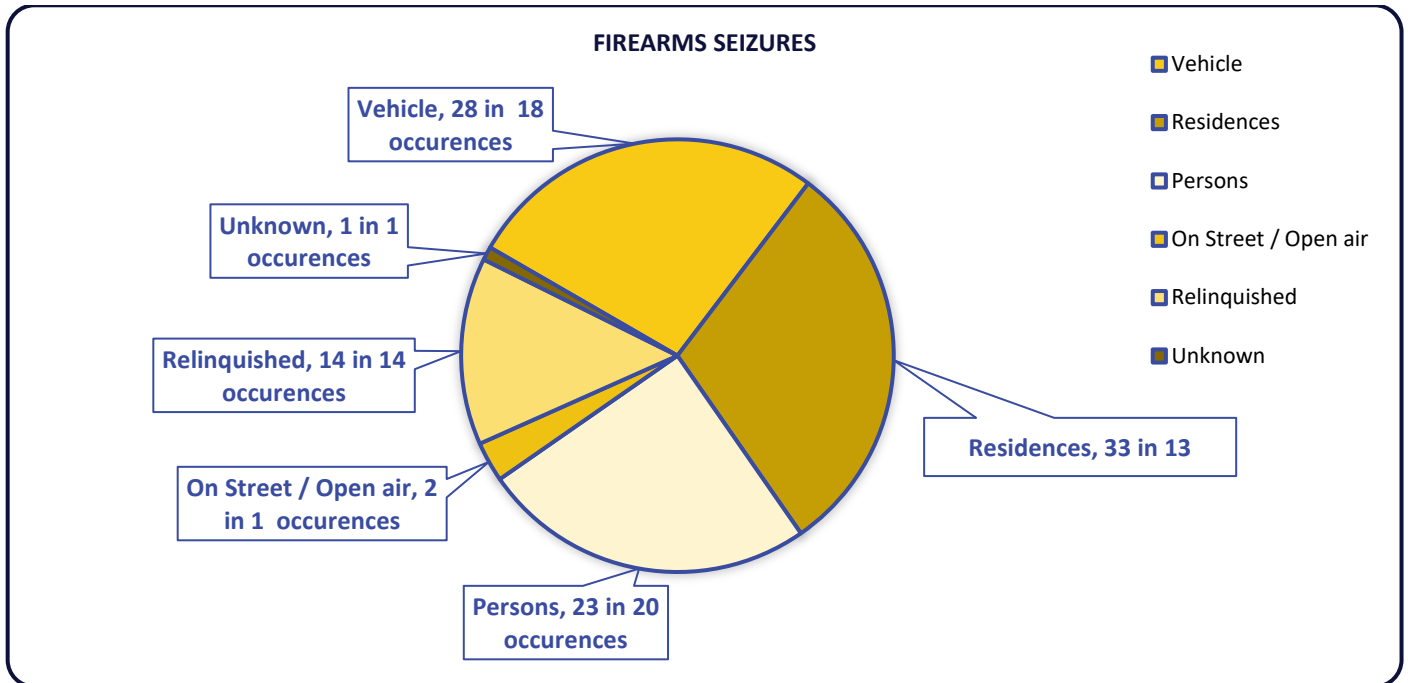
In the second quarter, there were 82 vehicle thefts, which is a 22.06% increase from the previous year. In 2 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.

Firearms Seizures

YTD, there have been 101 firearm seizures in 67 occurrences. In 44 occurrences, investigations resulted in criminal charges.



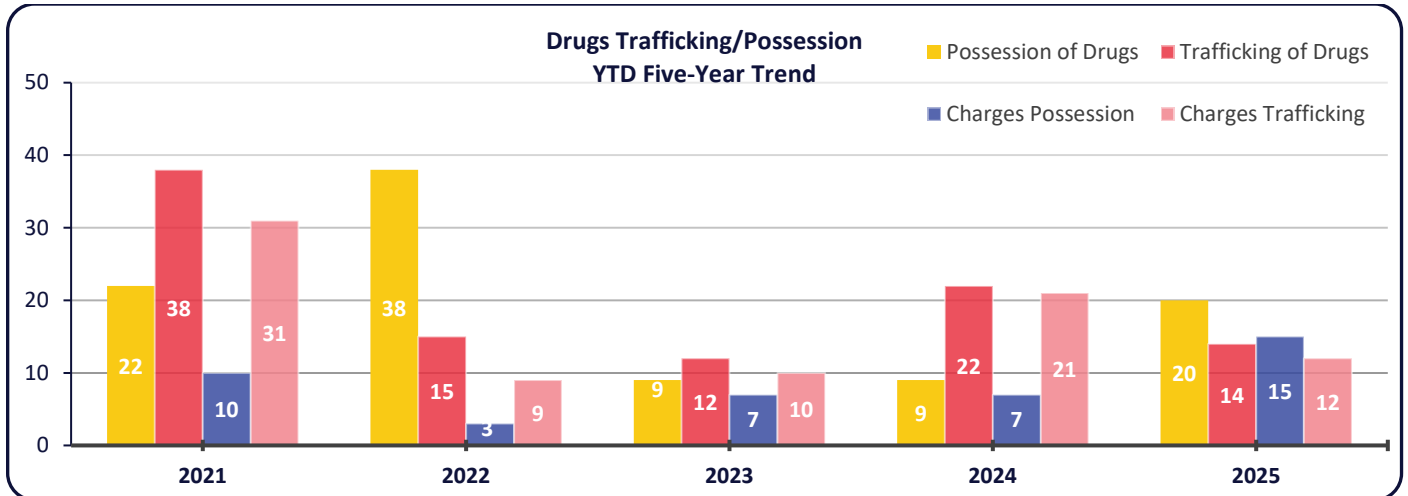
Appendix 26: five-year comparison



Appendix 27: how/where firearms were seized YTD

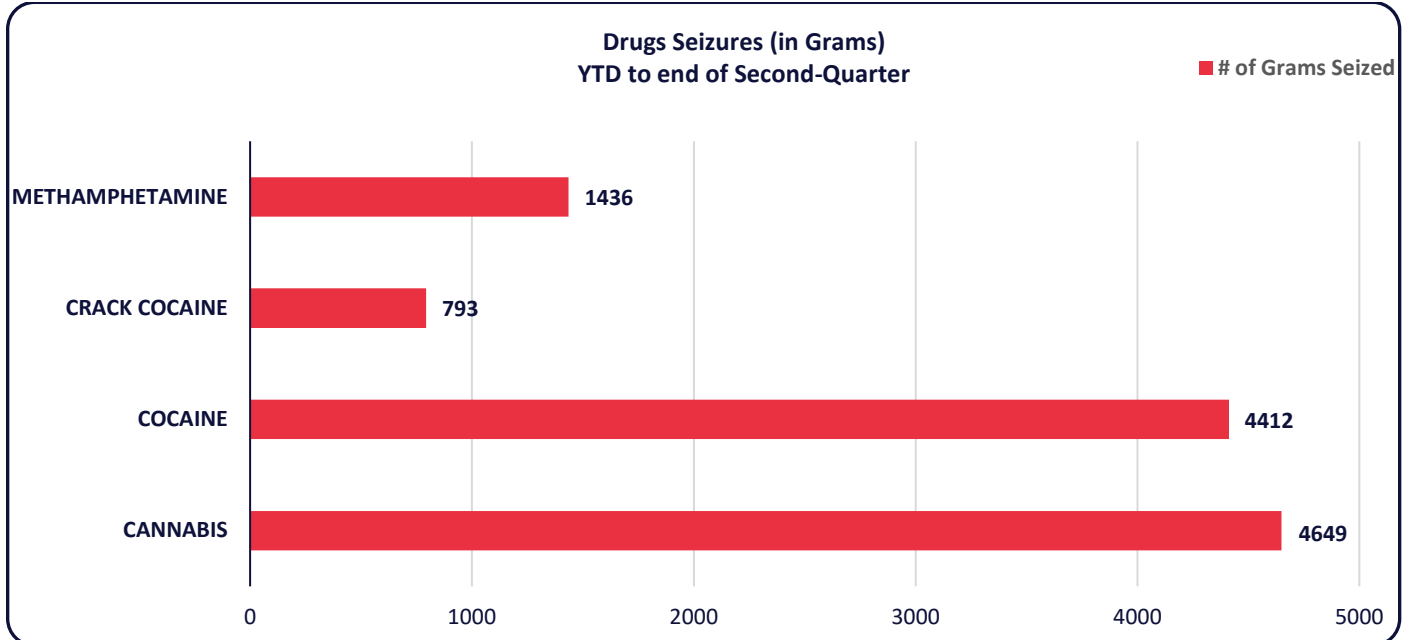
Controlled Drugs and Substances

YTD, there were 14 trafficking drug investigations, 12 investigations resulted in criminal charges. There were 20 possession occurrences, resulting in 15 charges.



Appendix 28: five-year YTD comparison

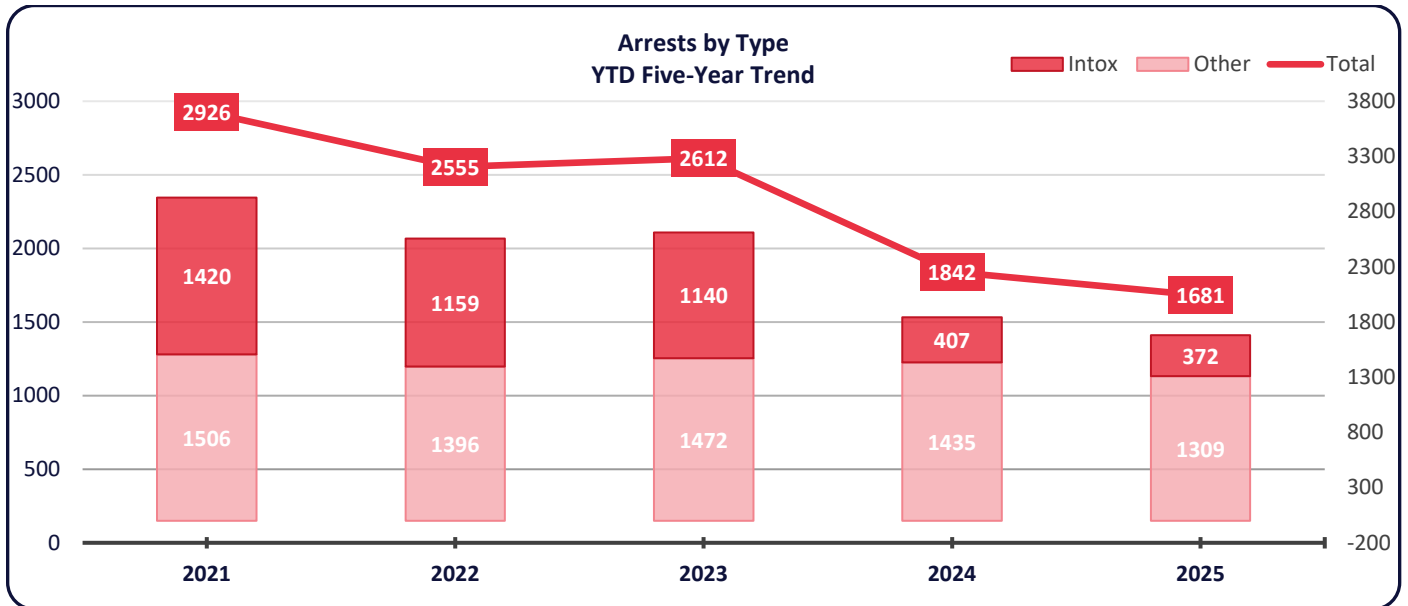
The five-year average of drug possession/trafficking occurrences is 19, the largest drug seizures was 4649 grams of cannabis.



Appendix 29: quantity of drugs seized YTD (grams)

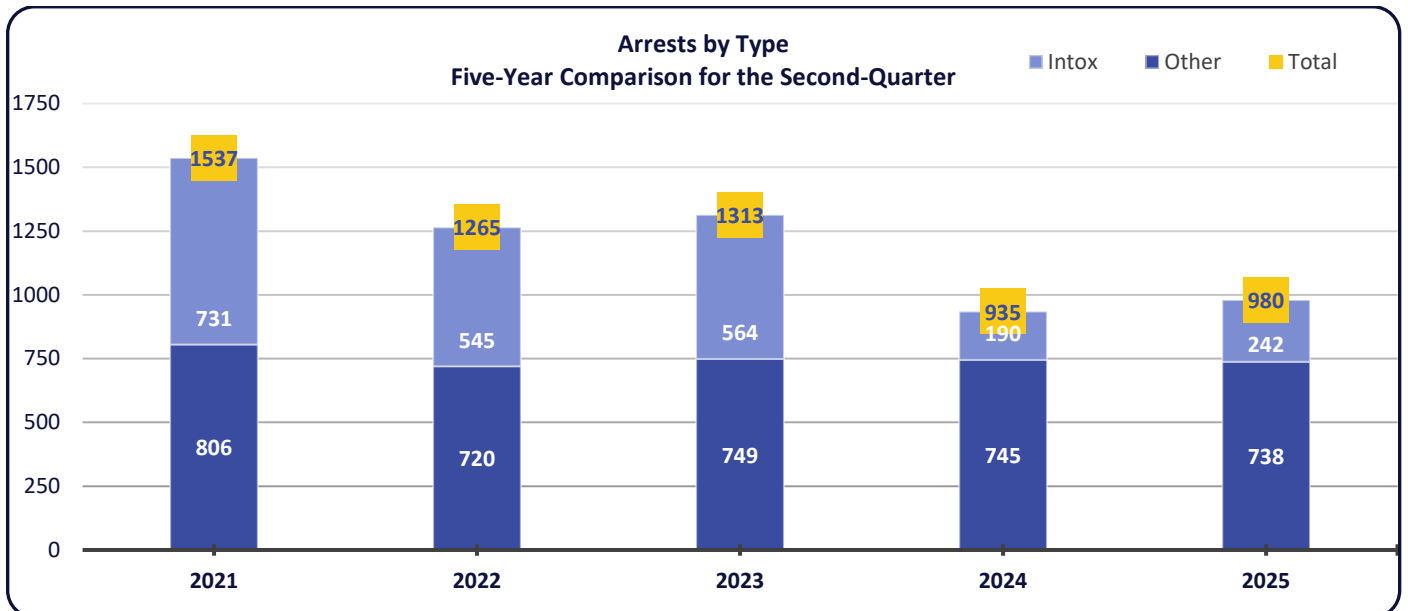
Arrests

YTD, there were 1681 arrests, 372 were for intoxication.



Appendix 30: five-year YTD trend

In the second quarter, there were 980 arrests, 242 were for intoxication.



Appendix 31: five-year comparison

Tickets

In the second quarter, there were 3533 ticket violations issued, which is a 18.42 % increase from the previous year. Combined Traffic Services Saskatchewan (CTSS) issued 88.34 % of those.

Warrants

In the second quarter, there were 781 new arrest warrants issued. There were 465 warrants executed, 144 of those were issued by other agencies.

PRESENTATION: VERBAL AUDIO/VISUAL NONE

Prepared by: Deputy Chief Prince



Approved by: Chief of Police Nogier

